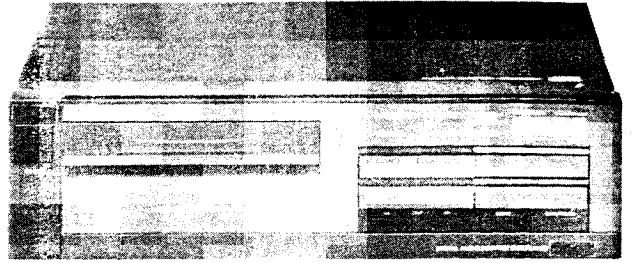


Service
Service



37 891 A12

Service Manual

COMPACT
disc
DIGITAL AUDIO

CONTENTS

- 1 Elucidation subdivision and table of contents per page
- 2 Controls and technical specifications
- 3 Servicing hints
- 4 Measurements and adjustments
- 5 Exploded views and parts lists of mechanical components
- 6 Block diagram, circuit diagrams, PCB data, parts lists of electrical components and wiring diagram
- 7 Changes
- 8 Additional information

Safety regulations require that the set be restored to its original condition and that parts which are identical with those specified be used.

**CLASS 1
LASER PRODUCT**

3127 110 03420



1. ELUCIDATION ON THE LAYOUT OF THE DOCUMENTATION

The documentation consists of chapters.
The number of the chapter is indicated by the first digit of the page number.
The second digit of the page number is the sequence numbering.

If modifications or supplements require new supplementary or replacement pages, the page number is extended with a third part:

A digit behind the page number indicates that it concerns a supplementary page.
A replacement page is indicated by a letter behind the page number.

Example

3-6	is page 6 of chapter 3
3-6-1	is a supplementary page behind page 3-6
3-6-a	is the replacement page of page 3-6 (so page 3-6 can be removed from the documentation).

All pages are provided with a date of issue.

TABLE OF CONTENTS PER PAGE

Chapter	Page	Contents
1	1-1	Elucidation of the subdivision of the documentation
	1-2	Table of contents per page
2	2-1	Controls
	2-2	Technical specification
3	3-1	Servicing hints
	3-2	Disassembly of top cover
		Replacement of glass fuse
		Replacement of transformer fuse
		Servicing of front panel
		Servicing of decoder + power supply PCB
		Servicing of servo + preamplifier PCB
		Servicing of tray mechanism
4	4-1	Electrical measurements and adjustments
	4-2	Detailed measuring method
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	4-4	Detailed measuring method
	4-5	Detailed measuring method
5	5-1	Exploded view tray mechanism
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	5-2	Exploded view of cabinet
6	6-1	Block diagram
	6-2	Diagram of power supply circuit
	6-3	PCB drawing of power supply + decoder circuit
		Parts list
	6-4	PCB drawing of power supply + decoder circuit
	6-5	Diagram of decoder circuit
	6-6	Diagram of control and display circuit
	6-7	PCB drawings of control and display PCB
		Parts list
	6-8	Diagram of mains switch circuit
		PCB drawing of mains switch PCB
		Parts list
		Survey standard symbols
	6-9	Wiring drawing
	6-10	Parts list chip components

Service
Service
Service

Information

1986-11-24

CD 150

A86-143

With the use of the μ P 6805L3 (40 pins) instead of the MAB 8441P (28 pins) in the CONTROL + DISPLAY CIRCUIT there is second version now. In the manual this version has been stated under the description CONTROL + DISPLAY CIRCUIT B and CONTROL + DISPLAY PANEL B.

For this reason the pages enclosed should be added to the manual.

Additional pages:

6-7-1
6-7-2

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COMPACT
disc
DIGITAL AUDIO

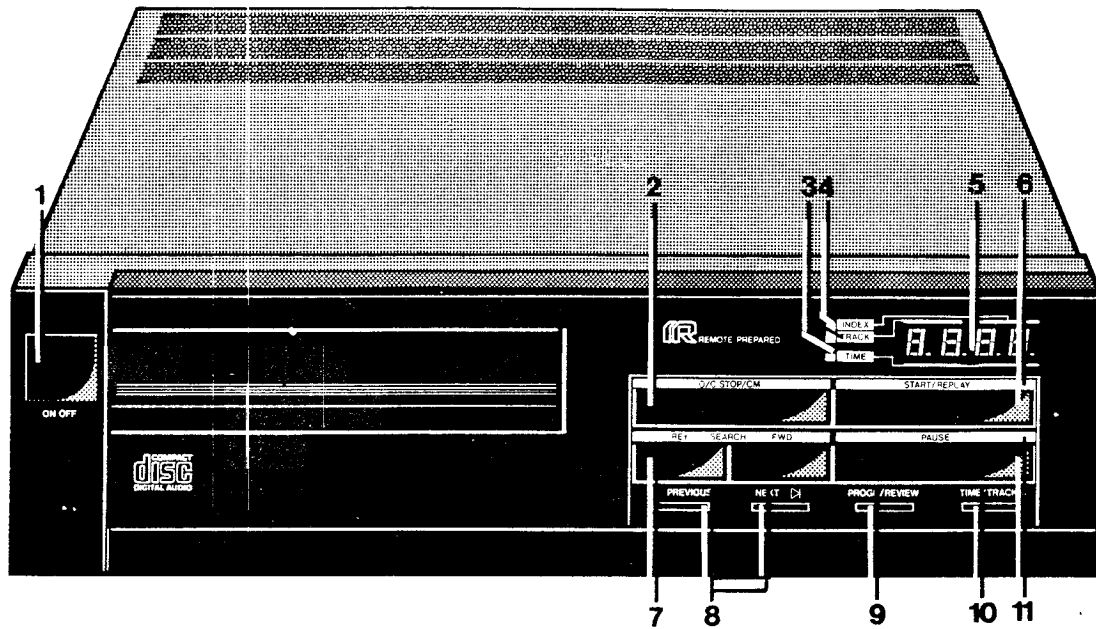


Fig. 1

37 925 A15

2 CONTROLS

- 1 ON/OFF key: for switching the player on and off.
- 2 O/C STOP/CM key: for opening and closing the disc tray (O/C=open/close), stopping play during playback (stop) and erasing a programme (CM=Clear Memory).
- 3 TIME LED: lights during display of playing time.
- 4 TRACK/INDEX LED: lights during display of track numbers and or index numbers.
- 5 Display: functions as on/off, stand-by, pause and error indicator; during play, indications which track is being played or the elapsed time; can also show the total number of tracks or the total playing time of the disc; when programming, it is used to indicate the track numbers to be stored and to display the numbers already stored.
- 6 START/REPLAY key: for starting play (START) and returning to the beginning of a track (REPLAY).
- 7 REV SEARCH FWD keys: for fast search to a particular passage (REV backwards, FWD forwards).
- 8 PREVIOUS and NEXT keys: for indicating the track and-where applicable-index number you want to begin with, and selecting track numbers when compiling a programme (PREVIOUS from high to low and NEXT from low to high); also for returning to a previous track or index number or moving on to a later one during play.
- 9 PROGR/REVIEW key: for storing the track numbers of a programme and producing the display of the programme stored.
- 10 TIME/TRACK key: for switching from track number to playing time indication and vice-versa. Also used for selecting index numbers.
- 11 PAUSE key: for holding play at the start of a track or passage and for interrupting play.

- System : Compact Disc Digital Audio system
- Mainsvoltages : 110V, 127V, 220V, 240V ± 10% (to be changed by transformer connections)
: CD150/01
: 110V, 127V, 220V, 240V adaptable by means of the voltage adapter
: CD150/07/17
: 117V (special transformer)
- Mains frequencies : 50,60Hz(no adaption required)
- Power consumption : ≤20W
- Frequency range : 20 Hz + 20 kHz ±0,5 dB
- Output voltage : max. 2 V_{rms}/≥10kOhms
- Output impedance : 200 Ohms
- S/N ratio : ≥96 dB
- Channel separation : ≥90 dB
- Channel difference : ≤0,6 dB
- Total harmonic distortion : ≤0,005% (at -86dB)
- Intermodulation distortion : ≤0,005% (at -86dB)
- Remote control : 6-pole DIN bus for RC5 system (EM2000)
- De-emphasis : 0 or 15/50 μs (switched by the subcode on the disc)
- Dimensions wxhxd : 320 x 86 x 300 mm (tray closed)
: 320 x 86 x 450 mm (tray opened)
- Weight : approx 3 kg

1

Ti


3 SERVICING HINTS

For servicing hints of the CD mechanism and the servo + preamplifier PCB see Service Manual C.D.M.-2

The set consists of various MOS ICs. Because in general ICs are very sensitive to overloading and too high voltages, the highest care should be taken during servicing. See the information enclosed in the packaging of the ICs for further instructions.

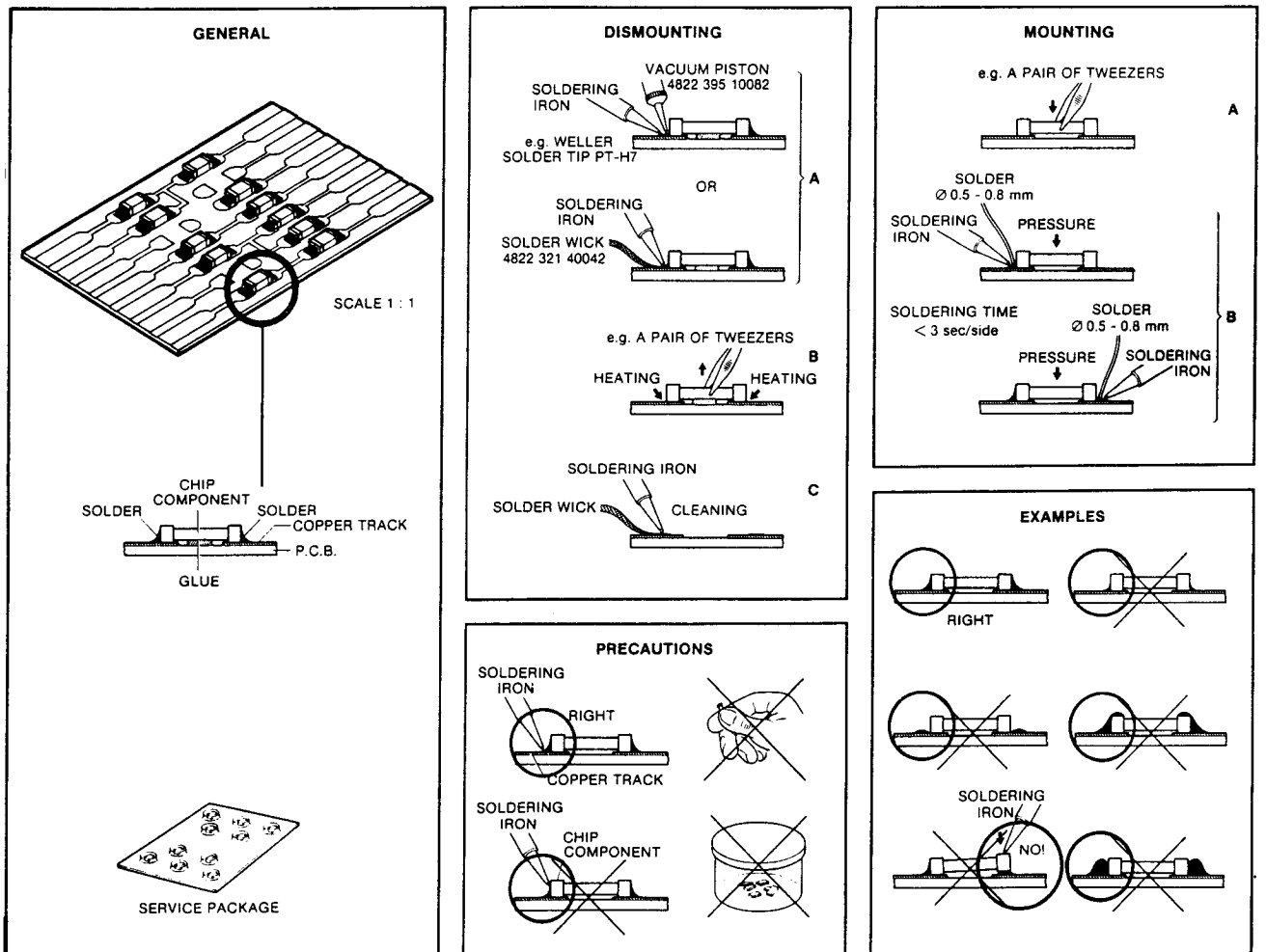
In the set chip components have been applied. For disassembly and assembly of chip components see the figure below.

The disc should always rest properly on the turntable. To achieve this a disc hold-down has been mounted in a bracket of the tray mechanism. If the tray mechanism has to be disassembled for servicing, one or more than one separate disc hold-downs should be used. The set can function normally then. Code number of the disc hold-down is 4822 532 60906.

When the tray mechanism has been disassembled the player can be prepared for measurements via interconnection of connector pins 22-2 () and 22-3 (S in) on the control + display PCB.

SERVICE AIDS

Audio test disc	4822 397 30085
Disc without errors + disc with DO errors, black spots and fingerprints	4822 397 30096
Torx screwdrivers	
Set (straight)	4822 395 50145
Set (square)	4822 395 50132
Disc hold-down	4822 582 60906
7th order filter	4822 395 30204



27 012C12

Fig. 2

3-2
1985-07-01
DISASSEMBLY OF TOP COVER

- Remove the 4 screws out of side walls of top cover.
- Remove screw at rear of top cover.
- Take top cover cover from set.

REPLACEMENT OF GLASS FUSE 1701

- Remove top cover.
- The glass fuse is situated on the mains switch PCB in the left-hand rear corner of the set.

REPLACEMENT OF TRANSFORMER FUSE

- Remove top cover.
- Remove screening cap that has been placed over transformer.
- Now the transformer fuse is accessible.
- Reapply the screening cap after fuse exchange.

SERVICING OF THE FRONT PANEL

Disassembly of front panel

- Remove top cover.
- Remove the 3 fixing screws at upper side of front panel.
- Now the front panel can be taken off.
- Ensure during mounting that the 3 bosses of the set frame engage with the appropriate holes of the front panel.

Disassembly of control + display PCB

- The control + display PCB can be taken out after removal of the 5 screws.

SERVICING OF THE DECODER + POWER SUPPLY PCB

- Remove top cover.
- Remove the 2 screws on the decoder + power supply PCB.
- Remove the 2 screws at the upper side of the cooling bracket.
- Remove the screw in the backcover for fixation of the 2 CINCH sockets.
- After the connectors have been disconnected the decoder + power supply PCB can be slid forwards and be taken out of the player.

SERVICING OF THE SERVO + PREAMPLIFIER PCB
(see Fig. 3)

- Remove top cover.
- Remove the front panel.
- Remove screw 4Nx10 and ring item no. 222 (see exploded view of cabinet) at the rear of the tray mechanism.
- Now the tray mechanism/CDM/servo + pre-ampl. PCB assy can be taken out of the frame and can be placed vertically in the appropriate servicing supports in the frame (see Fig. 3).
- In this way measurements and adjustments can be performed on the servo + preampl. PCB.
- See Service Manual C.D.M.-2 for measurements and adjustments on the servo + preampl. PCB.
- Ensure during mounting of the tray mechanism/CDM/servo + preampl. PCB assy that the suspension rubbers and springs item no. 218 and 219 are present (see exploded view of cabinet).

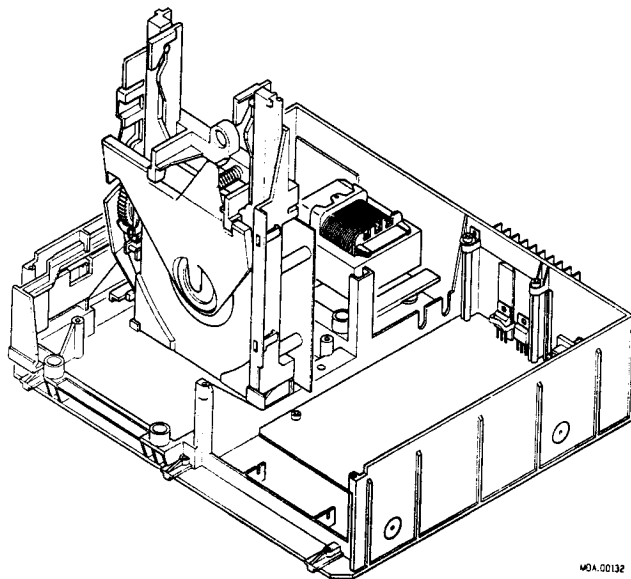


Fig. 3

SERVICING OF THE TRAY MECHANISM/CDM/SERVO + PREAMPL. PCB ASSY

- Disassemble top cover.
- Disassemble front panel.
- Remove screw 4Nx10 and ring item no. 222 (see exploded view cabinet) at the rear of the tray mechanism.
- Now the assy can be taken out of the set after the connectors have been disconnected.
- Remove screw N4x8 and bracket item no. 501 (see exploded view of tray mechanism).
- The CDM + servo + preampl. PCB is kept in place by a boss of the tray mechanism. If this boss, in the region of the foil connector is bent away the CDM + servo + preampl. PCB can be taken out of its support points of the tray mechanism.
- Ensure during mounting of the CDM/servo + preampl. PCB in the tray mechanism that the mechanical brake item no. 123 (see exploded view of tray mechanism) is positioned properly.

SERVICING OF THE TRAY MECHANISM

Disassembly of the tray mechanism

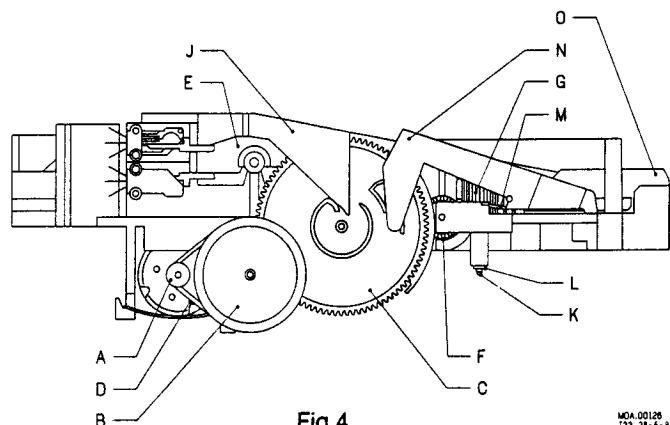


Fig.4

- Remove disc hold-down holder J by disassembling coil spring at rear. Then holder J can be taken out of its hinge points.
- Remove belt D.

- Disassemble pulley B after clamping ring on shaft has been removed.
- Remove lifting bracket N by elevating lug M and sliding bracket out of its shaft guiding.
- Remove gearwheel G by removing shaft K after ring L has been taken away.
- Now disc carrier O can be taken out of the holder by lifting it at the front and sliding it out of the guiding.
- Next cog wheel C, switch bracket E and gearwheel F can be removed successively.
- The tray motor with belt wheel A can be taken out by removing the spring.

Assembly of tray mechanism

- Place disc carrier O in guiding and slide it in place (= disc carrier in position "close").
- Mount gearwheel F.
- Apply switch bracket E. The left-hand boss of the bracket should be positioned between the 2 switches.
- Ensure that the aperture in gearwheel F is vertical (see Fig. 4) and apply cog wheel C in the way described in Fig. 5.

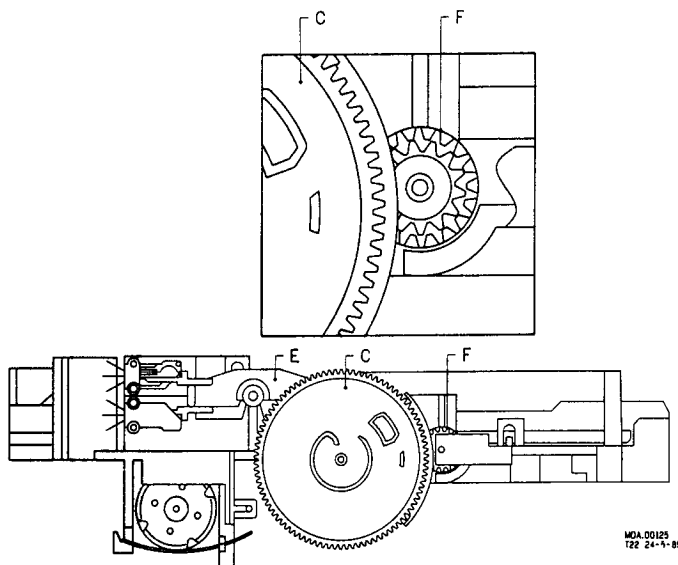


Fig. 5

- Turn cog wheel C counterclockwise till its final position and ensure that the boss of switch bracket E engages with the guiding at the rear of the cog wheel. Turn the cog wheel counterclockwise and clockwise and check if both switches are switched on alternately.
- Turn cog wheel C counterclockwise so that the upper switch is operated and mount pulley B in this position. Next apply the clamping ring.
- Mount gearwheel G and apply shaft K and clamping ring L.
Ensure that gearwheel G is positioned before shaft and clamping ring are mounted.
- Apply lifting bracket N. Ensure that the fork at the right of the lifting bracket encloses the guide rail of the tray.
- Mount the motor with pulley A and apply belt D.
- Next hold-down holder J and the compression spring can be mounted.
- Check after mounting the working of the tray mechanism by turning pulley B counterclockwise and clockwise.

4 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS AND ADJUSTMENTS

For measurements and adjustments on the CD mechanism and the servo + preampl. PCB see the CDM-2 Service Manual.

Specification measurement

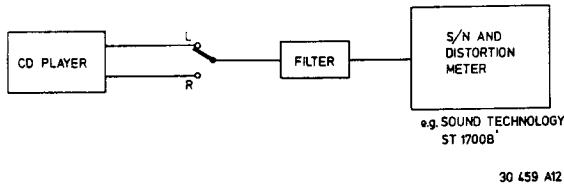


Fig. 6

To measure the specification use can be made of audio test disc 4822 397 30085.

Use 7th order filter 4822 395 30204 (see Fig. 5) to measure:

- Total harmonic distortion (THD)
- Intermodulation distortion
- Signal-to-noise ratio (S/N)

Changing the transformer connections

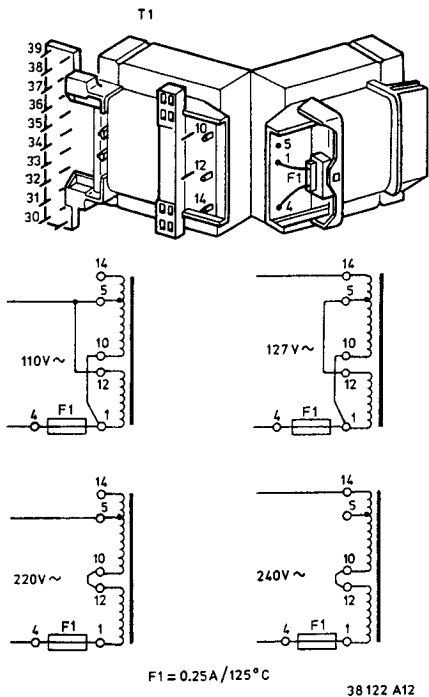


Fig. 7

If the set should be connected to a mains voltage that deviates from the voltage mentioned on the type plate, the transformer connections should be changed, as indicated in Fig. 7.

Attention

In case of a change to 110V or 127V the glass fuse on the mains switch PCB should be changed from 200 mA-T to 400 mA-T.

DETAILED MEASURING METHOD FOR THE DECODER CIRCUIT

HINTS

Test discs

It is important to treat the test discs with great care. The disorders on the discs (black spots, fingerprints, etc.) are exclusive and unambiguously positioned. Damage may cause additional drop-outs etc. rendering the intentional errors no longer exclusive. In that case it will, no longer be possible to check e.g. the good working of the track detectors.

Measurements on op-amps

In the electronic circuits op-amps have been used frequently. Some of the applications are amplifiers, filters, inverters and buffers.

In those cases where in one way or the other feedback has been applied the voltage difference at the differential inputs converges to zero. This applies to both DC and AC signals. The cause can be traced to the properties of an ideal op-amp ($Z_i = \infty$, $G = \infty$, $Z_o = 0$). If one input of an op-amp is directly connected to ground it will be virtually impossible to measure at the inverting and the non-inverting inputs. In such cases only the output signal will be measurable.

That is why in most cases the AC voltage at the inputs will not be given. The DC voltages at the inputs are equal.

Stimulation with "0" and "1"

During troubleshooting sometimes certain points should be connect to ground or supply voltage. As a result certain circuits can be brought in a desired state thus shortening the diagnosis time. In a number of cases the related points are outputs of op-amps. These outputs are short-circuit-resistant, i.e. they can be brought to "0" or ground without problems.

The output of an op-amp, however, should never be connected directly to the power supply voltage.

Measurements on microprocessors

Inputs and outputs of microprocessors should **never** be connected directly to the power supply voltage. The inputs and outputs should only be brought to "0" or ground if this is stated explicitly.

Measurements with an oscilloscope

During measurements with an oscilloscope it is recommended to measure with a 1:10 test probe, since a 1:10 probe has a considerably smaller input capacitance than a 1:1 probe.

Selection of ground potential

It is very important to select a ground point that is as close as possible to the test point.

Conditions for injection

- Injection of levels or signals from an **external** source should **never** take place if the related circuit has no supply voltage.
- The injected levels or signals should **never** be greater than the supply voltage of the related circuit.

Continuous burning of the laser

- Bridge capacitor 2174 on the servo + preampl. PCB.
- Connect \bar{S}_i (= pin 20 of IC6101 on the servo + preampl. PCB) to ground.
- Switch on the supply voltage.
- Now the laser will burn continuously.

Indication of test points

In the drawings of the diagrams and the PCBs the test points have been indicated by a number (e.g. 12) to which the measuring method refers. In the measuring method below, the symbol (\diamond) has been omitted for the test points indicated.

GENERAL CHECKPOINTS

In the detailed measuring method below a number of general conditions, required for a properly functioning set, will not be mentioned. Before the detailed measuring method is started, these general points should first be checked.

- Ensure that disc and objective are clean (remove dust, fingerprints, etc.) and work with undamaged discs.
- Check if all supply voltages are present and if they have the correct values.
- Check the good working of the two microprocessors by means of their built-in test programme and servicing programme.

Method:

Self-test of the servo μP

With the self-test the following parts of the μP are tested:

- RAM
- ROM
- TIMER
- serial I/O interface
- I/O gates

- Interrupt the I²C connection on connector 35-2 on the servo + preampl. PCB.
- Unsolder pins 1, 7, 26 and 27 of the servo μP .
- Render pin 2 of the servo μP "low" (ground) and switch on the supply voltage.
- The test starts if pin 2 is rendered "high" again (interrupt the connection to ground).
- If all tests are positive, pin 1 of the servo μP will go low within 1s.

Self-test of the control and display μP

With this self-test the following parts of the μP are tested:

- RAM
- ROM
- TIMER
- serial I/O interface
- I/O gates

- Interrupt the I²C connection on connector pin 21-4 on the control + display PCB.
- Render pin 2 of the control display μP "low" (ground) and switch on the supply voltage.
- The test starts if pin 2 is rendered "high" again (= interrupt the connection to ground).
- If all tests are positive, pin 1 of the control + display μP will go "low" again within 1s.

Initiation of the servicing programme of the μP

-Servicing position "0"

Simultaneously depress the PREVIOUS, NEXT and

TIME/TRACK keys. Keep these three keys depressed while the mains voltage is switched on.

This is the STAND-BY mode, "0" appears on the display.

In this state it is possible to move the arm by means of the SEARCH FORW and SEARCH REV keys with a minimum torque to the outside and the inside resp. This enables a check of the free motion of the arm across the disc.

-Servicing position "1"

From servicing position "0" the player can be brought in servicing position "1" by depressing the NEXT key.

In this state the laser emits light and the objective starts to focus. When the focal point has been reached, "1" appears on the display.

When no disc has been inserted the objective goes 16 x to and fro. Then the player reassumes servicing position "0".

As in servicing position "0" the arm can be moved across the diameter of the disc by means of the SEARCH FORW and SEARCH REV keys.

-Servicing position "2"

To be reached by depressing the NEXT key after servicing position "1" has been reached.

The turntable motor starts to run

On the display appears "2".

In preparation of the transition to servicing position "3" the arm is sent to the centre of the disc.

-Servicing position "3"

To be reached by depressing the NEXT key after servicing position "2" has been reached.

The radial control is switched on. The subcode information is ignored. MUTE is high so that the music information is released.

On the display appears "3".

(Dependent on the length of the lead-in track music will be reproduced after approx 1 min.)

In this state it is possible to move the arm by means of the SEARCH FORW and the SEARCH REV keys to the outside and to the inside resp. Now the motion is controlled by the μP and the arm moves by steps of 64 tracks as long as the key is depressed.

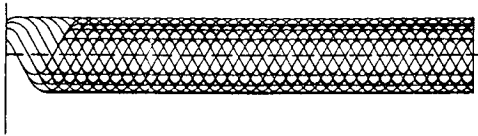
If one of the servicing positions 1, 2 or 3 is disturbed (e.g. braking or removing the disc) the player reassumes servicing position "0".

The servicing programme can be left by switching the mains switch (POWER ON/OFF) off and on. (Hardware reset).

- Check the **motor speed**.
See "turntable motor control" in C.D.M.-2 Service Manual, section III.
- Check the **HF signal on test point 65 (eye pattern)**
- Insert a disc.
- The HF signal should be present and be stable in the PLAY mode and in: SERVICING POSITION 3 after the run-in track has been read.
- In SERVICING POSITION 2 and during reading of the lead-in track the RF signal is not stable.

Position of oscilloscope 0,5 μ s/DIV

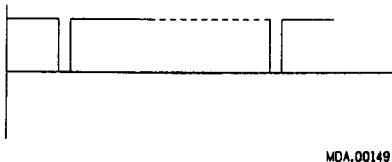
Amplitude $\approx 1,5V_{pp}$



-Check the **HFD signal on test point 97**

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITION 3 the HFD signal is "high"; however, minor pulses may be present and in cause of disorders on the disc.
- In SERVICING POSITION 2 and during playback of track no. 15 of test disc 5A HFD pulses are visible.

Position of the oscilloscope 5ms/DIV



MDA.00149

-Check the **MUTE signal on test point 98**

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode or in SERVICING POSITION 3 in the MUTE signal is "high".
- The MUTE signal is "low" in SERVICING POSITIONS 0, 1 and 2, in the STAND-BY (only mains switch depressed) and PAUSE modes and during jumping to a track after command NEXT or PREVIOUS.

-Check the **clock signal on test point 71**

- Insert a disc
- In the Stand-by mode (only mains switch depressed) the frequency of the clock signal is 1,88 MHz.
- In the PLAY mode or in SERVICING POSITIONS 2 or 3 the frequency of the clock signal is 4,32 MHz.

Remark: In SERVICING POSITION 2 the clock signal is unstable.

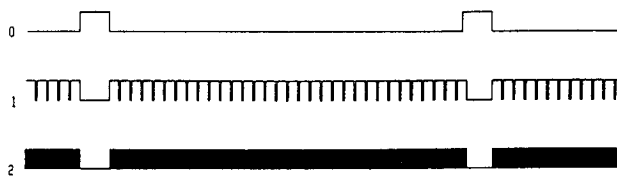
-Check the **timing signals destined for the ERCO IC**

- Insert a disc.
- Bring the player in one of the following positions SERVICING POSITION 2 or 3 or the PLAY mode
- Remark:** In SERVICING POSITION 2 the timing signals are unstable.
- Trigger an oscilloscope with the **FSDE signal** on test point 72.
- Check signals

FSDE on test point 72
SSDE on test point 76
CLDE on test point 77

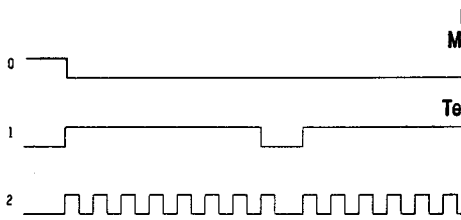
and their interrelations

Position of the oscilloscope 20 μ s/DIV
0 = FSDE, tp 72; 1 = SSDE, tp 76; 2 = CLDE, tp 77



MDA.00093

Position of the oscilloscope 1 μ s/DIV
0 = FSDE, tp 72; 1 = SSDE, tp 76; 2 = CLDE, tp 77



MDA.00094

Remark: The repetition time of the FSDE signal on tp 72 is in the Stand-by mode and in SERVICING positions 0 and 1 : 312 μ s in the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITIONS 2 and 3 : 136 μ s

-Check the **DADE signal on test point 78**

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode or in SERVICING POSITION 3 activity should be present at test point 78 after the lead-in track has been read.

-Check the **subcode clock signals**

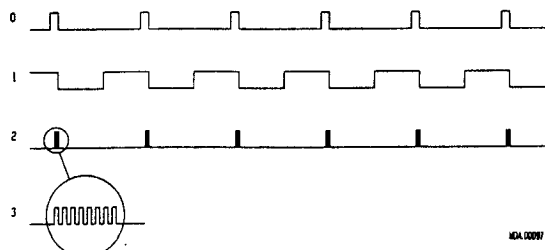
- Insert a disc.
- Bring the player in one of the following positions: SERVICING POSITION 3 or PLAY mode
- Trigger an oscilloscope with the FSDE signal on test point 72.
- Check signals

FSDE on test point 72
SWCL/QCLOCK on test point 73
SBCL on test point 74

and measure their interrelations

Positions of the oscilloscope 0,1 ms/DIV

0 = FSDE tp 72
1 = SWCL/QCLOCK tp 73
2 = SBCL tp 74
3 = SBCL tp 74



MDA.00097

Remark: The repetition time of the FSDE signal on tp 72 is:
in the STAND-BY mode and in SERVICING POSI-
TIONS 0 and 1: 312 μ s
in the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITIONS
2 and 3 : 136 μ s

-Check the **subcode data signals**

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode or in SERVICING POSITION 3 activity should be present at the following test points

S-DATA test point 75
Q-SYNC test point 95
Q-DATA test point 96

II ERCO IC

-Check the **timing signals coming from the DEMOD IC**

- SEE SUB "I DEMOD IC"
- 'Check the timing signals destined for the ERCO IC'

-Check the **DADE signal on test point 78**

- See sub "I DEMOD IC"
- 'Check the DADE signal on test point 78'

-Check the **CLOX signal on test point 94**

- In Stand-by mode (only mains switch depressed) the fre-
quency of the CLOX signal should be 4,2336 MHz.

-Check the **timing signals** destined for the **CIM IC**

- Bring the player in the Stand-by mode (only mains switch depressed).
- Trigger an oscilloscope with the FSEC signal on test point 79.

• Check signals

FSEC on test point 79
CLEC on test point 80

and their interrelations

Position of the oscilloscope 20 μ s/DIV

0 = FSEC tp 79
1 = CLEC tp 80



MDA.00095

Remark: The repetition time of the FSEC signal is 136 μ s.

-Check the **MUTE signal on test point 98**

- See sub "I DEMOD IC"
- 'Check the MUTE signal on test point 98'

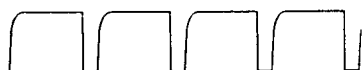
-Check the **DAEC signal on test point 81**

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY MODE or in SERVICING POSITION 3 activity should be present at test point 81 after reading of the lead-in track.

-Check the **MCES signal on test point 66**

- In the Stand-by mode the MCES signal is as indicated in the figure below.

Position of the oscilloscope 50 μ s/DIV



Remark:

The repetition time of the MCES signal is 140 μ s.

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode or in SERVICING POSITION 3 the MCES signal is as indicated in the figure below.



MDA.00135

Remark: The repetition time of the MCES signal is 140 μ s.

Duty cycle is 50%.

Also see "Measurement of turntable motor control" in C.D.M.-2 Service Manual, section III.

-Check the **UNEC signal on test point 82**

- Insert test disc 5A.
- During playback of track no. 17 UNEC flags should briefly be present at test point 82.
The UNEC flags are also present in case of soft braking of the disc and during fast forward or fast reverse (SEARCH FORW., SEARCH REV.).

Remark: If the UNEC signal at test point 82 remains continuously "high", either the DEMOD IC or the ERCO IC or the RAM IC is defective.

III CIM IC

-Check the **CLOX signal on test point 94.**

- See sub "II ERCO IC".
- 'Check the CLOX signal on test point 94'

-Check the **timing signals coming from the ERCO IC.**

- See sub "II ERCO IC".
- 'Check the timing signals destined for the CIM IC'

-Check the **DAEC signal on test point 81.**

- See sub "II ERCO IC".
- 'Check the DAEC signal on test point 81.'

-Check the **UNEC signal on test point 82.**

- See sub "II ERCO IC".
- 'Check the UNEC signal on test point 82'

-Check the **timing signals** destined for the **FIL IC.**

- Bring the player in the Stand-by mode (only mains switch depressed).
- Trigger an oscilloscope with the STR1 signal on test point 84.
- Check signals

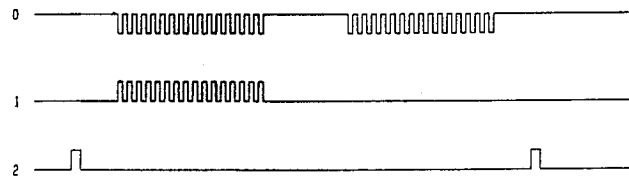
CLEC on test point 80
CLCF on test point 85
STR1 on test point 84

and their interrelations

Position of the oscilloscope 5 μ s/DIV

0 = CLEC tp 80
1 = CLCF tp 85
2 = STR1 tp 84

Remark: The repetition time of the STR1 signal is 22 μ s (f=44,1 kHz).



–Check the **DLCF signal** on test point 86 and the **DRCF signal** on test point 87

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITION 3 activity should be present at test points 86 and 87 after reading of the lead-in track.

M0A.00087

IV FIL IC

–First check all signals round the CIM IC (see "III").

–Check the timing signals

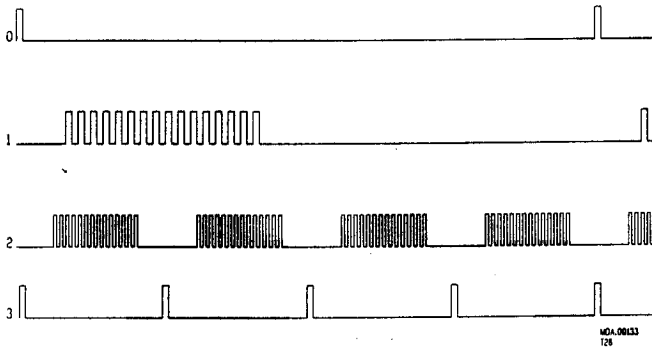
- Bring the player in the Stand-by mode (only the mains switch depressed).
- Trigger an oscilloscope with the STR1 signal at test point 84.
- Check signals

STR1 on test point 84
CLCF on test point 85
CLFD on test point 90
LAT on test point 93

and their interrelations.

Position of the oscilloscope 5µs/DIV

- 0 = STR1 tp 84
- 1 = CLCF tp 85
- 2 = CLFD tp 90
- 3 = LAT tp 93



M0A.00133
128

Remark: The repetition time of the LAT signal is 5,5 µs
($f = 176,4 \text{ kHz}$).

–Check the **DLFD signal** on test point 91 and the **DRFD signal** on test point 92

- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITION 3 activity should be present at test point 91 and 92 after reading of the lead-in track.

V DAC IC

–First check all signals round the FIL IC, see IV.

–Check the output of the OP-AMP after the DAC IC.

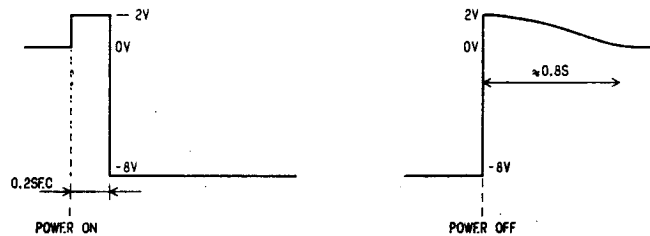
- Insert a disc.
- In the PLAY mode and in SERVICING POSITION 3 the analog (=music) signal should be present on the output of the OP-AMP after reading of the run-in track.

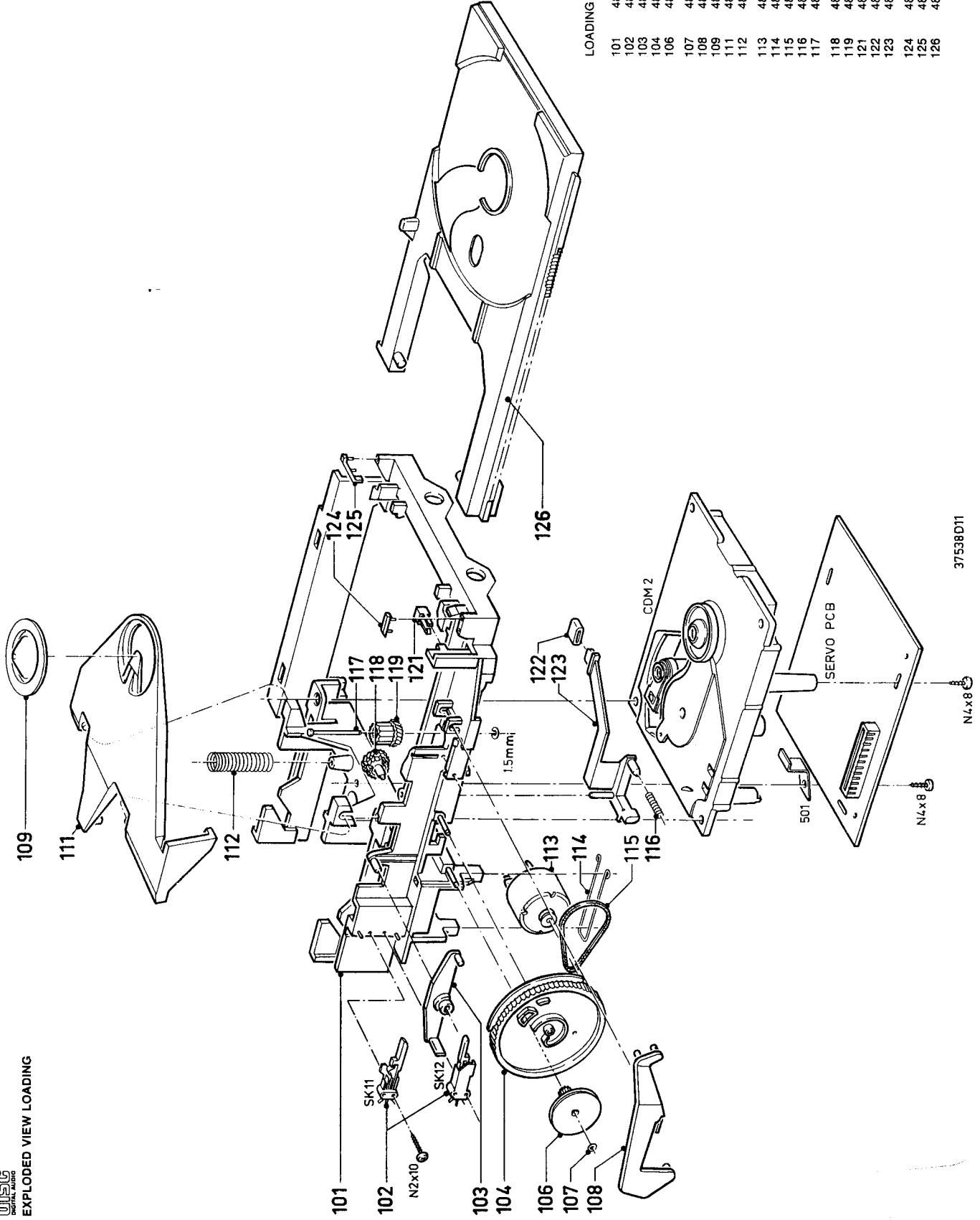
VI DEEMPH CIRCUIT

- Insert test disc 5.
- During playback of track no. 14 (recorded without PRE-EMPH) the DEEMPH signal on connector 43-2 should be 'high'.
- During playback of track no. 15 (recorded with PRE-EMPH) the DEEMPH signal on connector 43-2 should be 'low'.
- During playback of track no. 14 the analog signal should be present at the source of 6320 (to be measured at resistor 3354, tp 67) and 6321 (to be measured at resistor 3355, tp 68).
- During playback of track no. 15 the analog signal should be 0 V at the source of 6320 (to be measured at resistor 3354) and 6321 (to be measured at resistor 3355).

VII KILL CIRCUIT

–During switching on and off of the mains voltage the signal on the collector of 6327 (to be measured on a jumper, tp 69) should be as indicated in the figure below.

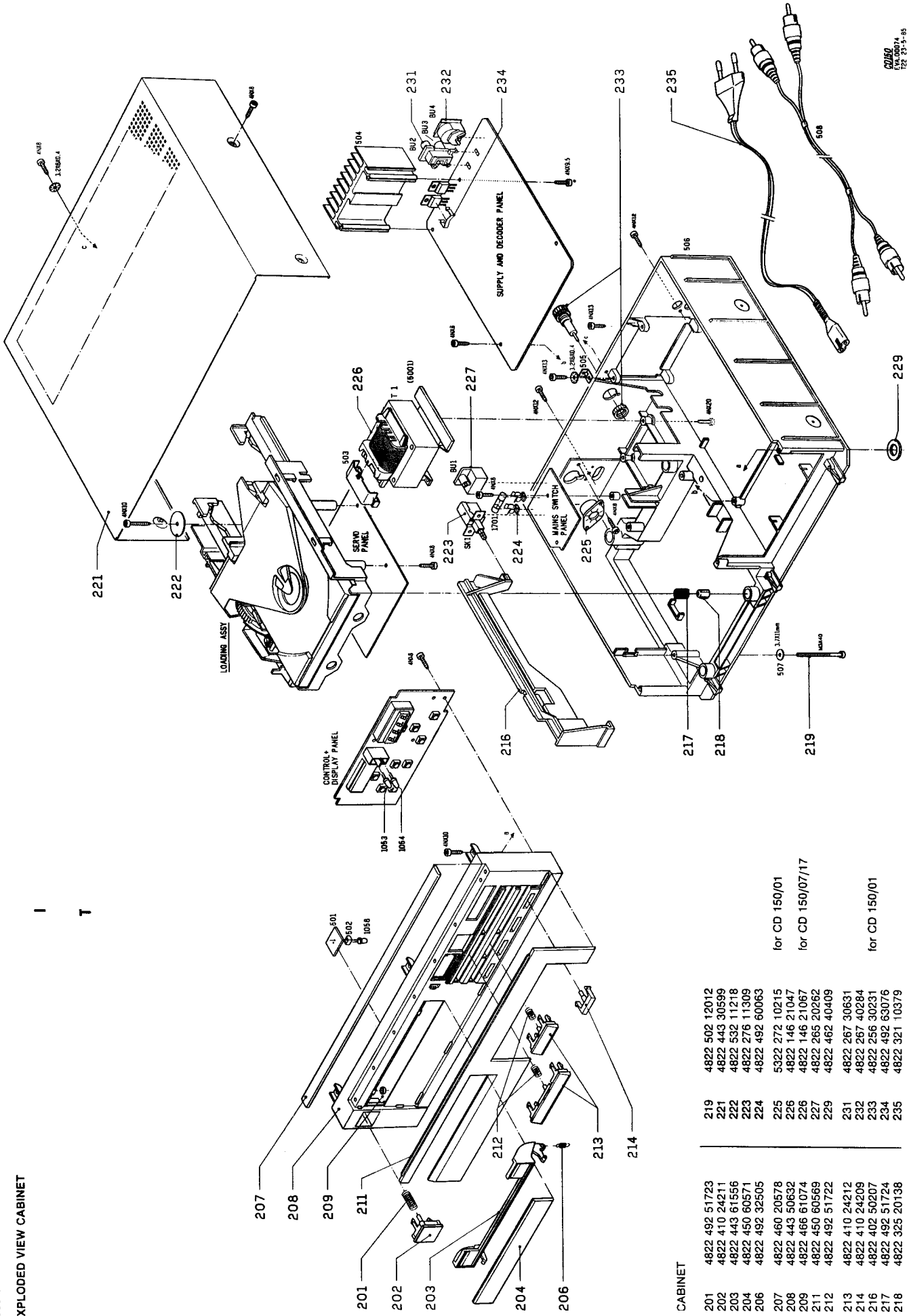




LOADING

101	4822 464 50401
102	4822 276 11277
103	4822 402 50208
104	4822 522 31905
106	4822 528 81046
107	4822 532 50262
108	4822 402 40045
109	4822 402 20096
111	4822 459 80268
112	4822 492 51725
113	4822 361 20576
114	4822 492 63218
115	4822 358 20116
116	4822 492 51726
117	4822 535 91857
118	4822 522 31907
119	4822 522 31908
121	4822 462 71375
122	4822 466 40176
123	4822 402 30143
124	4822 402 60928
125	4822 402 60927
126	4822 443 50633

EXPLODED VIEW CABINET



CABINET

201	4822 492 51723	219	4822 502 12012
202	4822 410 24211	221	4822 443 30599
203	4822 443 61556	222	4822 532 11218
204	4822 450 60571	223	4822 276 11309
206	4822 492 32505	224	4822 492 60063
207	4822 460 20578	225	5322 272 10215
208	4822 443 50632	226	4822 146 21047
209	4822 466 61074	226	4822 146 21067
211	4822 450 60569	227	4822 265 20262
212	4822 492 51722	229	4822 462 40409
213	4822 410 24212	231	4822 267 30631
214	4822 410 24209	232	4822 267 40284
216	4822 402 50207	233	4822 256 30231
217	4822 492 51724	234	4822 482 63076
218	4822 325 20138	235	4822 321 10379

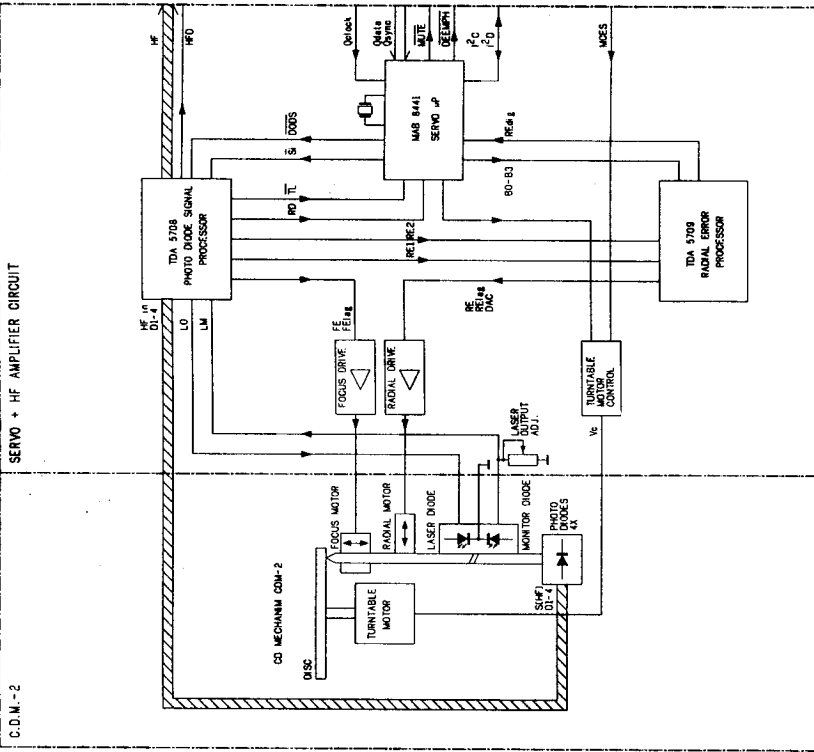
for CD 150/01

for CD 150/07/17

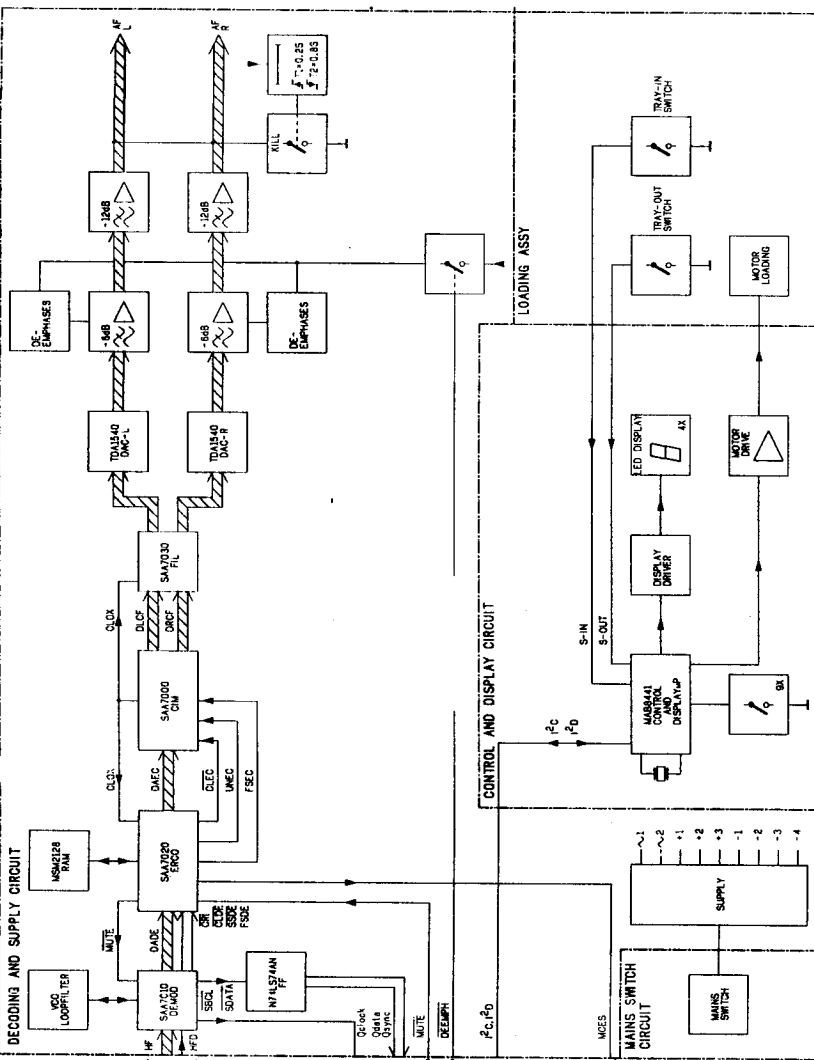
for CD 150/01

C.D.M.-2

SERVO + HF AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT



PRE-00498



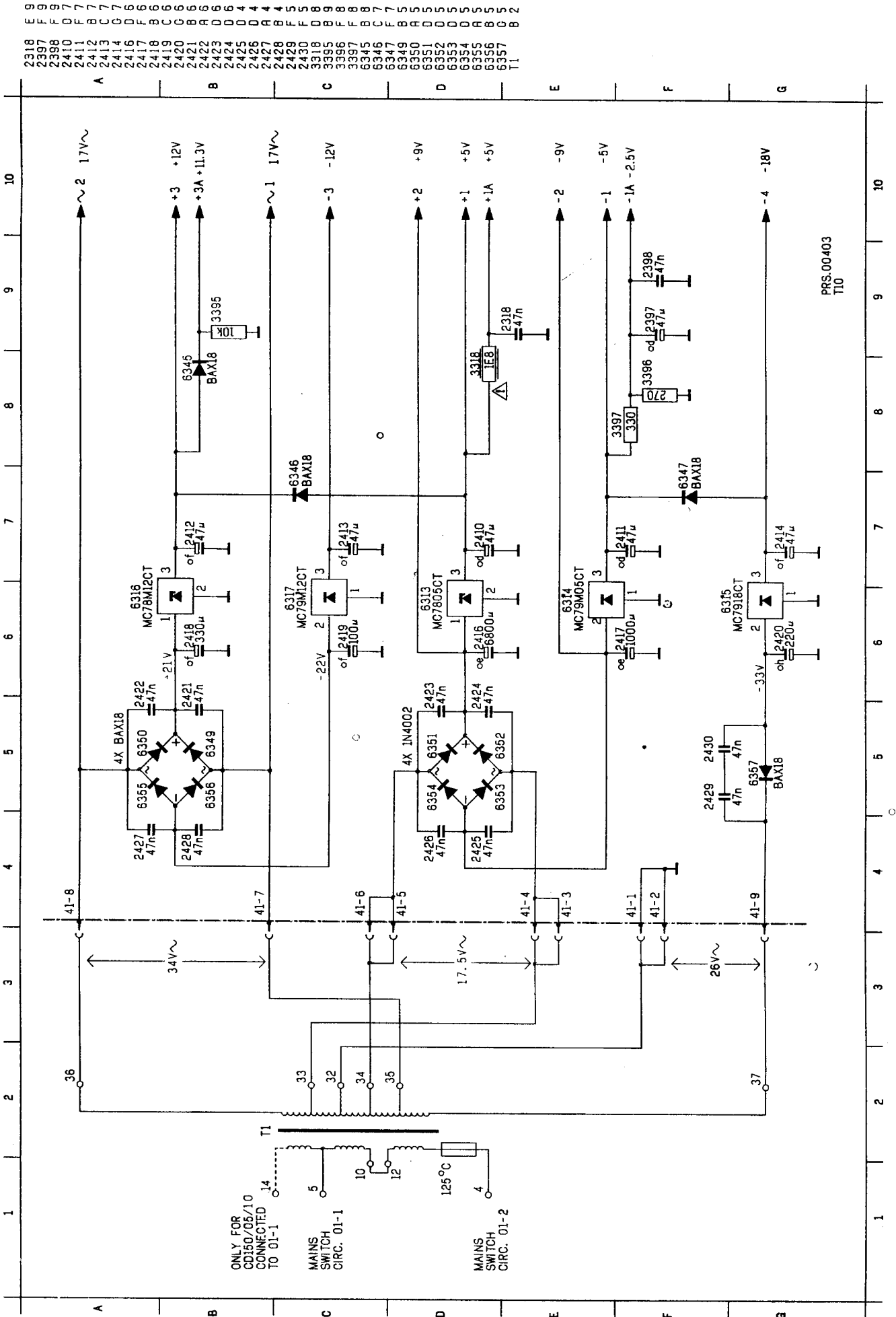
PRE-00499

- B0-B3 Control bits for radial circuit
- DAC Current output for track jumping (Digital to Analogue Converted)
- DEEMPH Drop out detector suppression
- D1+4 Photodiode currents
- FE Focus error signal
- FE lag Focus error signal for LAG network
- HF HF output for DEMOD
- HF HF detector output for DEMOD
- HF-in HF current input
- κC Clock signal servo-control μP
- κD Data signal servo-control μP
- LM Laser monitor diode input
- LO Laser amplifier current output
- MCES Motor control from ERCO to servo circuit
- MUTE Mute signal

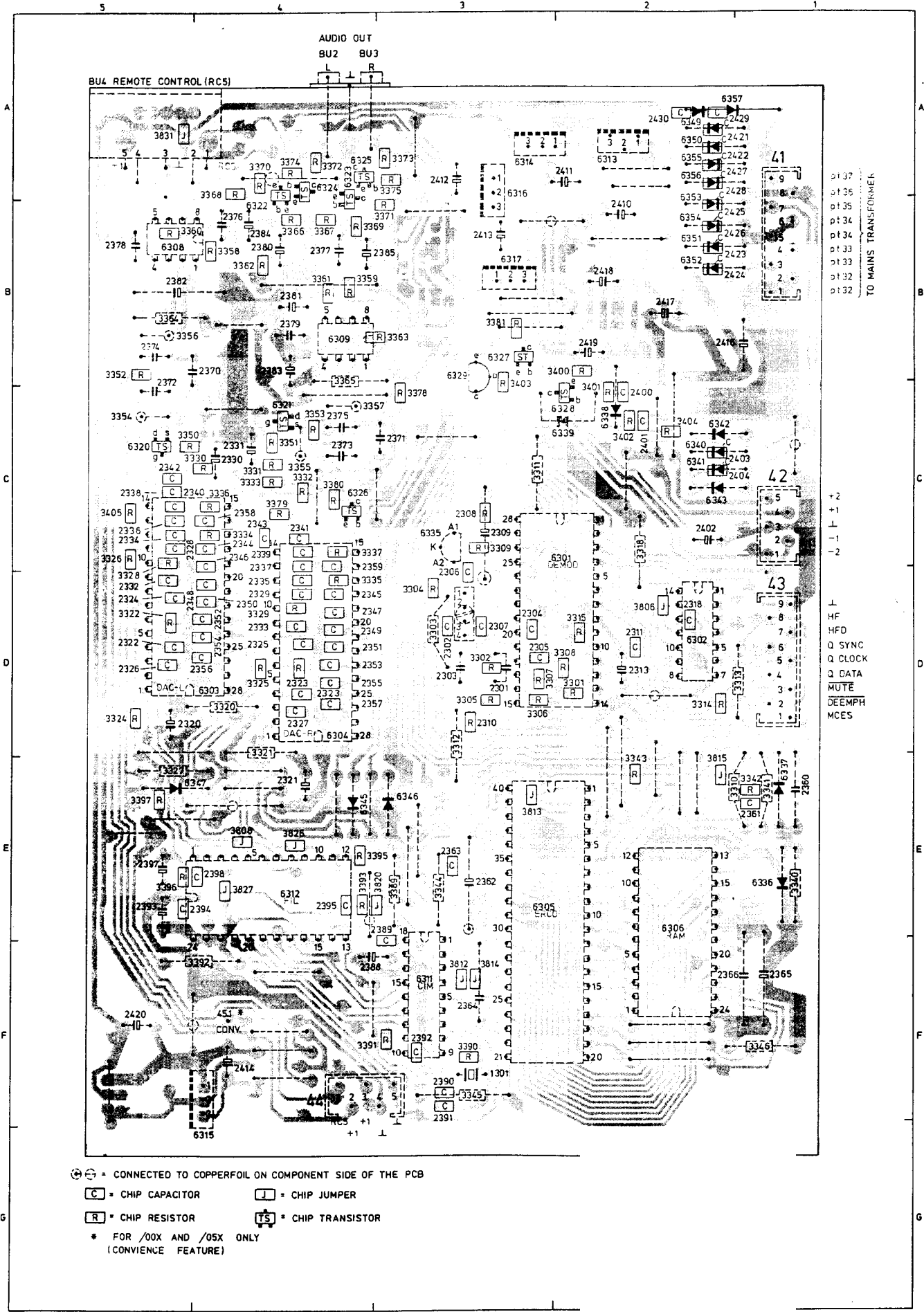
- Q CLOCK Subcode clock input for servo μP
- Q DATA Subcode data input for servo μP
- Q SYNC Subcode synchronization input for servo μP
- RE Radial error signal (amplified RE₁, RE₂ currents)
- RE1 Radial error signal 1 (summation of amplified currents D₂ and D₄)
- RE2 Radial error signal 2 (summation of amplified currents D₁ and D₂)
- RE dig Radial error digital
- RE lag Radial error signal for LAG network
- RD Ready signal, starting up procedure finished
- SI On/off control for laser supply and focus circuit
- TL Track loss signal
- Vc Control voltage for turntable motor

- CLOCK Clock from DEMOD to ERCO
- CLOC Clock from CIM (SystemClock)
- CRI Counter reset inhibit
- DADE Data from DEMOD to ERCO
- DAEC Data from ERCO to CIM
- DEEMPH Deemphasis
- DLCF Data left from CIM to FIL
- DRCF Data right from CIM to FIL
- FSDC Frame sync. from DEMOD to ERCO
- FSEC Frame sync. from ERCO to CIM
- HF HF input for DEMOD
- HF detector HF detector for DEMOD
- κC Clock signal servo-control μP
- κD Data signal servo-control μP
- MCES Motor control from ERCO to servo
- MUTE Mute signal
- Q CLOCK Subcode clock signal
- Q DATA Subcode data signal
- Q SYNC Subcode synchronization signal
- SBCL Subcode bit clock
- S DATA Subcode data
- S-IN Tray in
- S-OUT Tray out
- UNEC Unreliable data flag from ERCO to CIM

SUPPLY CIRCUIT



PRS.00403
T10



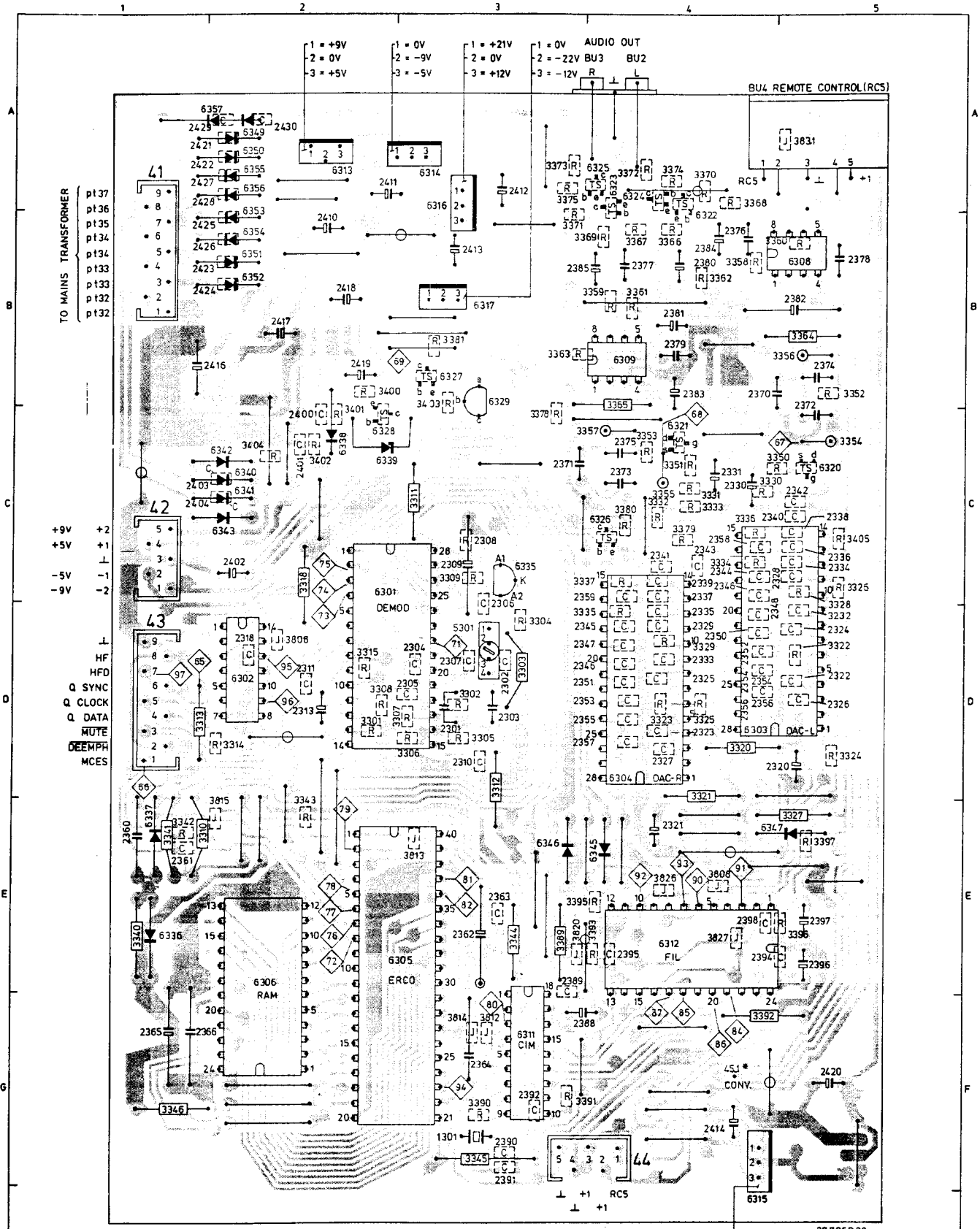
⊕ ⊖ = CONNECTED TO COPPERFOIL ON COMPONENT SIDE OF THE PCB
 [C] = CHIP CAPACITOR [J] = CHIP JUMPER
 [R] = CHIP RESISTOR [TS] = CHIP TRANSISTOR
 * FOR /00X AND /05X ONLY
 (CONVENIENCE FEATURE)

pt 37
pt 35
pt 35
pt 34
pt 34
pt 33
pt 33
pt 32
pt 32

+2
+1
L
-1
-2

L
HF
HFD
Q SYNC
Q CLOCK
Q DATA
MUTE
DEEMPH
MCES

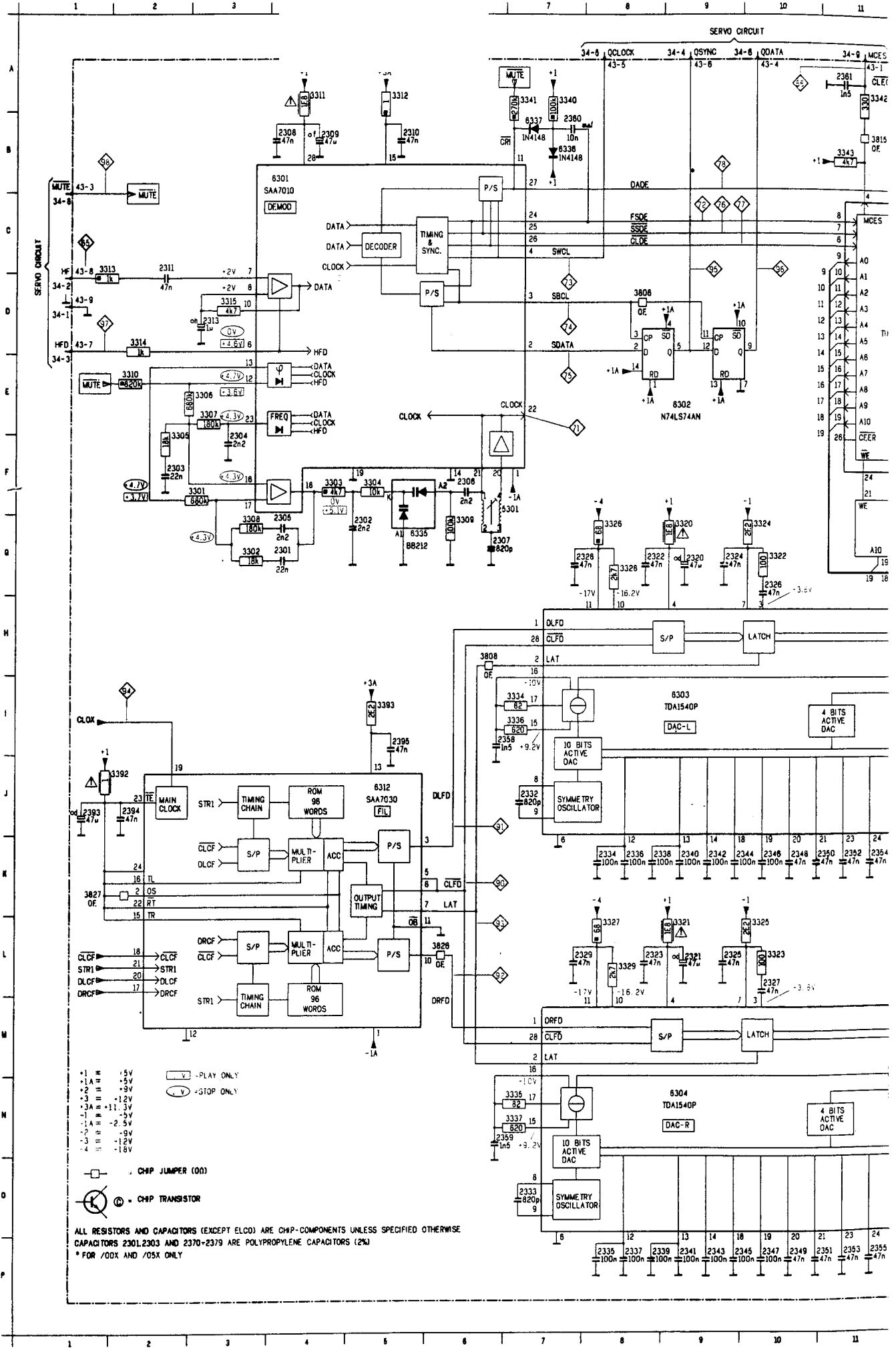
6-4
 1985-07-01
 SUPPLY + DECODER PCB



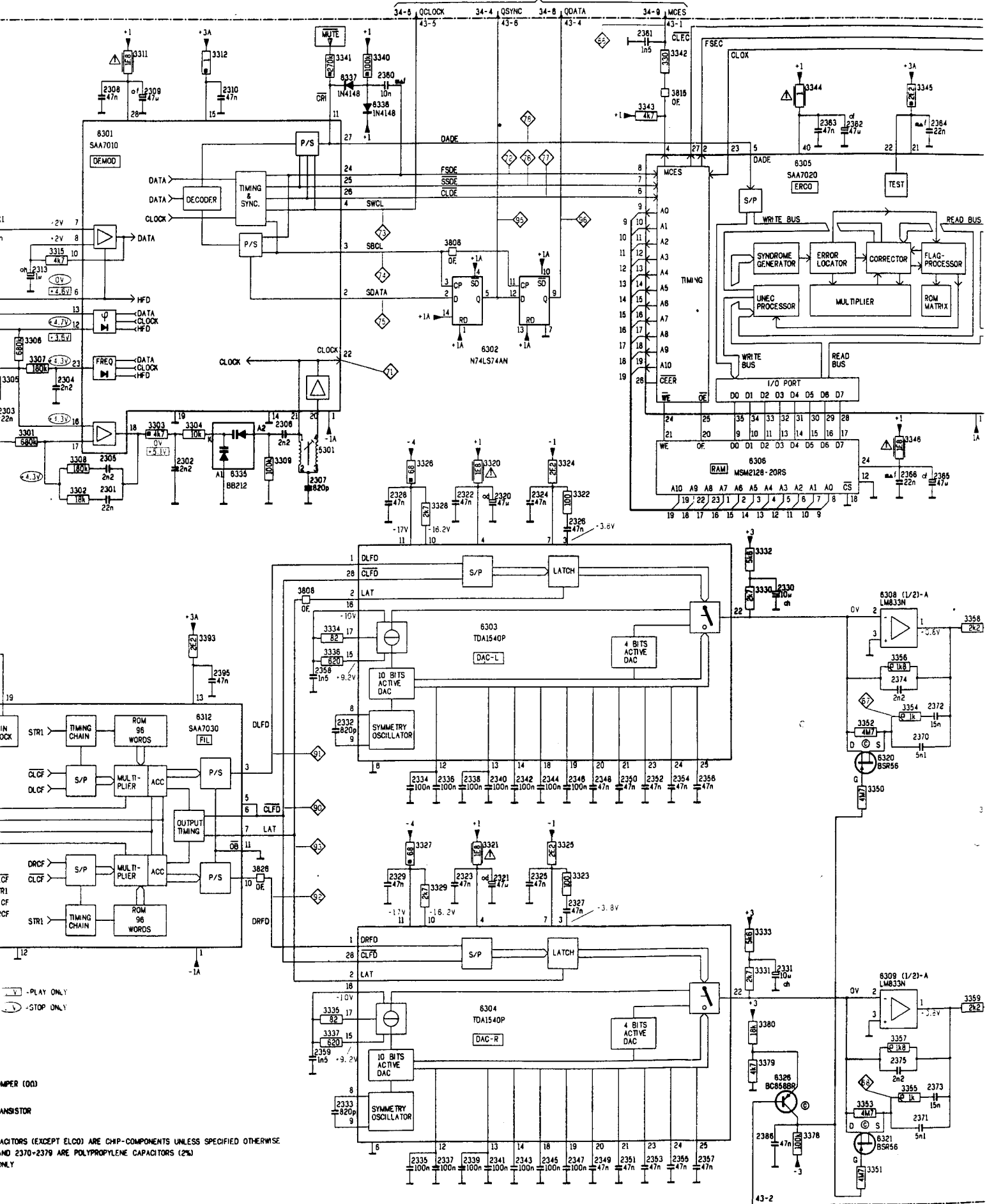
⊖ ⊕ CONNECTED TO COPPERFOIL ON COMPONENT SIDE OF THE PCB
 [C] = CHIP CAPACITOR [J] = CHIP JUMPER
 [R] = CHIP RESISTOR [T] = CHIP TRANSISTOR
 * FOR /00X AND /05X ONLY
 (CONVIENCE FEATURE)

1 = 0V
 2 = -33V
 3 = -18V

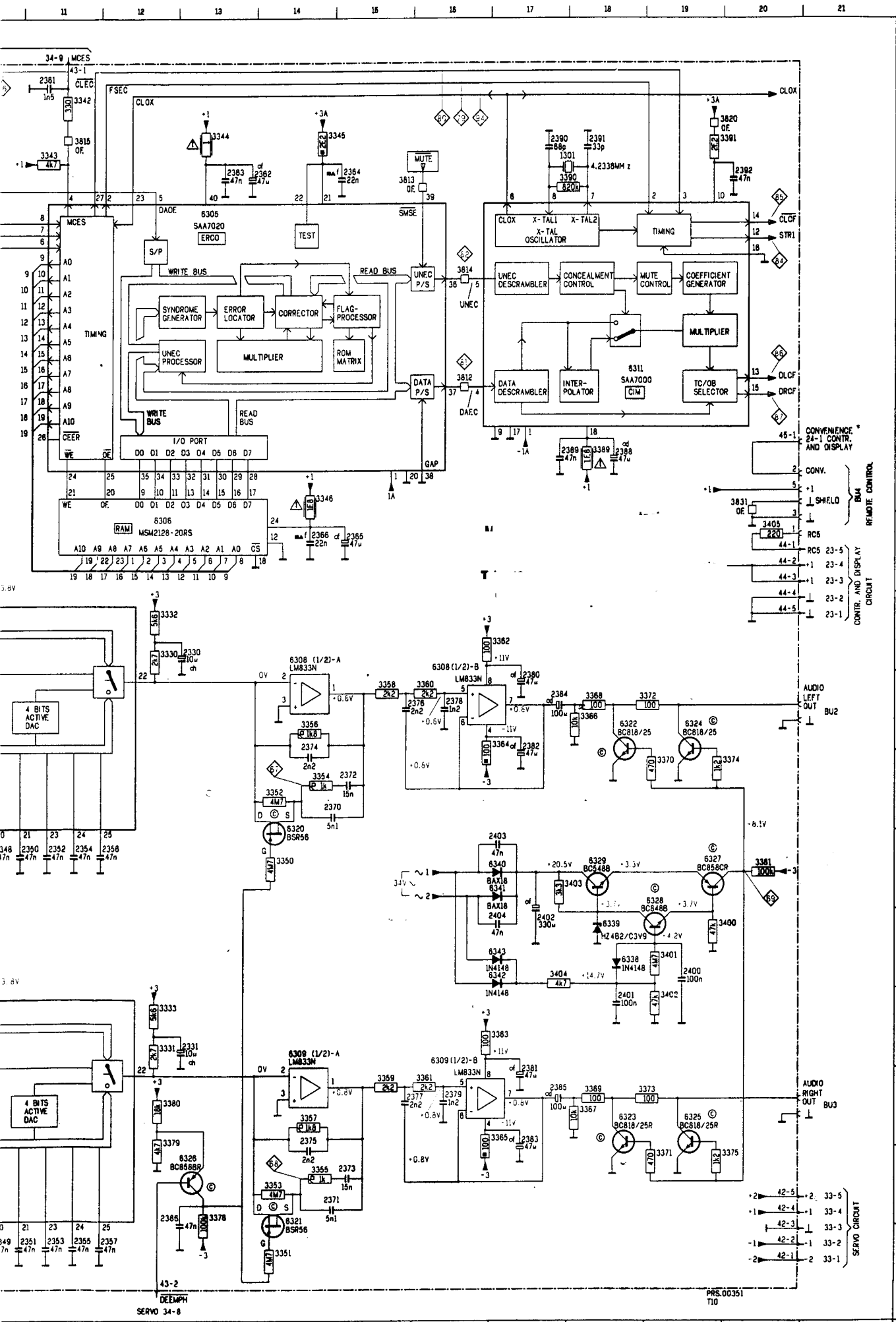
DECODER CIRCUIT



SERVO CIRCUIT



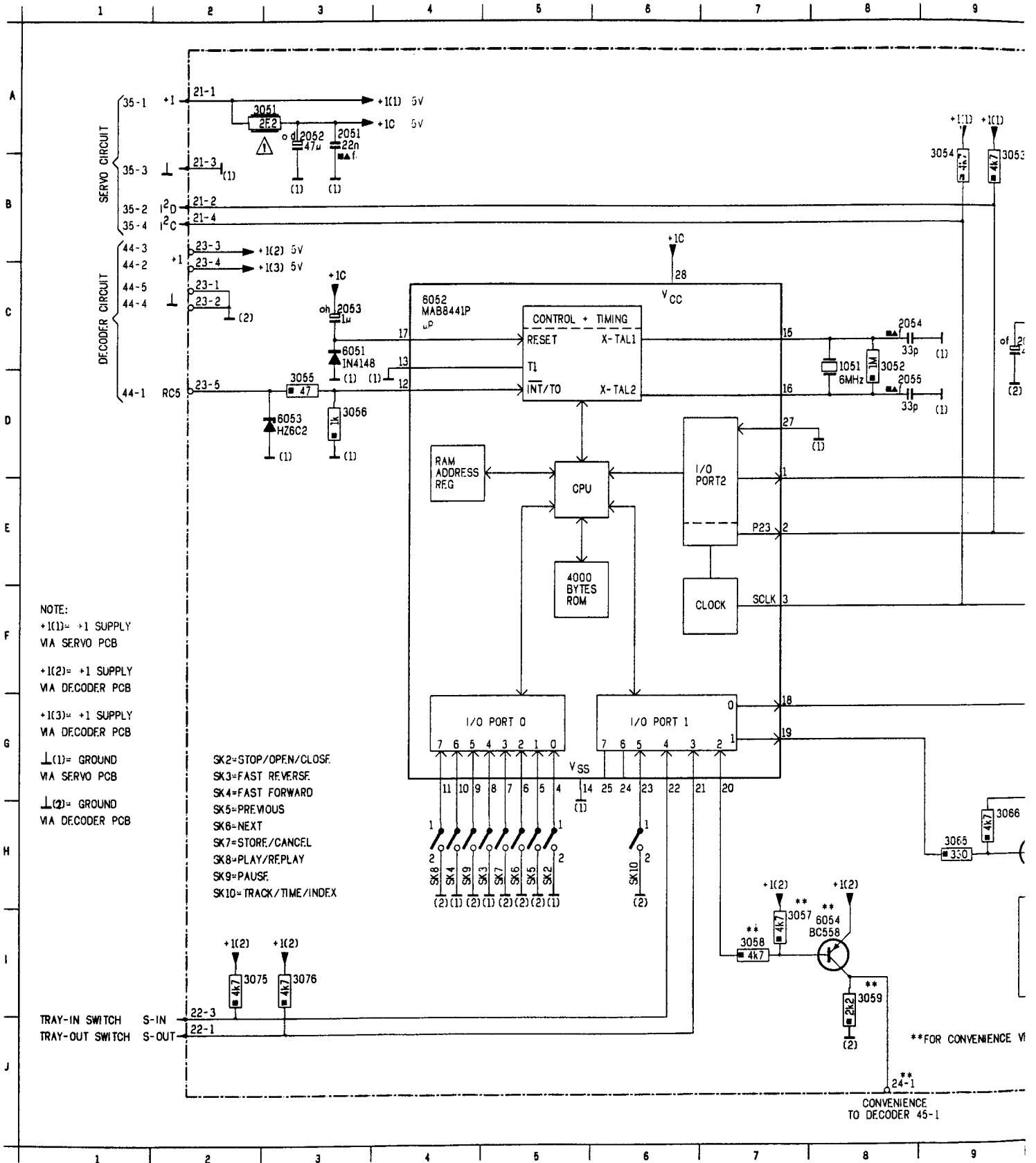
V - PLAY ONLY
 V - STOP ONLY
 AMPER (00)
 TRANSISTOR
 CAPACITORS (EXCEPT ELCO) ARE CHIP-COMPONENTS UNLESS SPECIFIED OTHERWISE
 AND 2370-2379 ARE POLYPROPYLENE CAPACITORS (2%)
 ONLY



6311	E18	3378	Q13
1301	B18	3379	N12
2301	G4	3380	N12
2302	G5	3381	K20
2303	F2	3389	F18
2304	F3	3390	B17
2305	G4	3391	B20
2306	F5	3392	2
2307	G6	3393	15
2308	B4	3400	L20
2309	B4	3401	L19
2310	B5	3402	M19
2311	C2	3403	K18
2313	D3	3404	L17
2320	G9	3405	O20
2321	L9	3806	D8
2322	G8	3808	H8
2323	L8	3812	E16
2324	G9	3813	B15
2325	L9	3814	C16
2326	G10	3815	B11
2327	L10	3820	B20
2328	G8	3826	L6
2329	L8	3827	K1
2330	M3	3831	F20
2331	M3	3832	M13
2332	J7	6301	B4
2333	O7	6302	E9
2334	K8	6303	N9
2335	K8	6304	N9
2336	K8	6305	C13
2337	P9	6306	G12
2338	K9	6308	H16
2339	P9	6308	H14
2340	K9	6309	H16
2341	P9	6310	H14
2342	K9	6312	J5
2343	P9	6320	J14
2344	K10	6321	O14
2345	P10	6322	H18
2346	K10	6323	M18
2347	P10	6324	I19
2350	K11	6325	M19
2351	P11	6326	O13
2352	K11	6327	K19
2353	P11	6328	M18
2354	K11	6329	K18
2355	P11	6335	G5
2356	K12	6336	B7
2357	P12	6337	B7
2358	I7	6338	L18
2359	N7	6339	L18
2360	B7	6340	B17
2361	R11	6341	K17
2362	B14	6342	L17
2363	B13	6343	L17
2364	B15		
2365	G15		
2366	G14		
2367	J14		
2371	O14		
2372	J15		
2373	O15		
2374	I14		
2375	M14		
2376	I16		
2377	M16		
2378	M16		
2379	M16		
2380	M17		
2381	M17		
2382	M17		
2383	M17		
2384	M18		
2385	M18		
2386	O12		
2387	M18		
2388	M18		
2389	M18		
2390	B17		
2391	B18		
2392	B20		
2393	J1		
2394	J1		
2395	I5		
2400	L19		
2401	M18		
2402	L17		
2403	K17		
2404	L17		
3301	F3		
3302	G3		
3303	F4		
3304	F5		
3305	F2		
3306	E3		
3307	E3		
3308	G3		
3309	G6		
3310	E2		
3311	R4		
3312	R4		
3313	C1		
3314	O3		
3315	D3		
3320	G9		
3321	L9		
3322	L8		
3323	L10		
3324	G10		
3325	L10		
3326	G8		
3327	L8		
3328	G8		
3329	L8		
3330	M12		
3331	M12		
3332	M12		
3333	M12		
3334	I7		
3335	M7		
3336	M7		
3337	M7		
3340	R7		
3341	R7		
3342	R11		
3343	B11		
3344	B13		
3345	B15		
3346	F14		
3350	K14		
3351	P14		
3352	J14		
3353	O14		
3354	J14		
3355	O14		
3356	I14		
3357	M14		
3358	M15		
3359	M15		
3360	M16		
3361	M16		
3362	M17		
3363	M17		
3364	M17		
3365	M17		
3366	M18		
3367	M18		
3368	M18		
3369	M18		
3370	J19		
3371	O19		
3372	I19		
3373	M19		
3374	J20		
3375	O20		

CONTROL + DISPLAY CIRCUIT

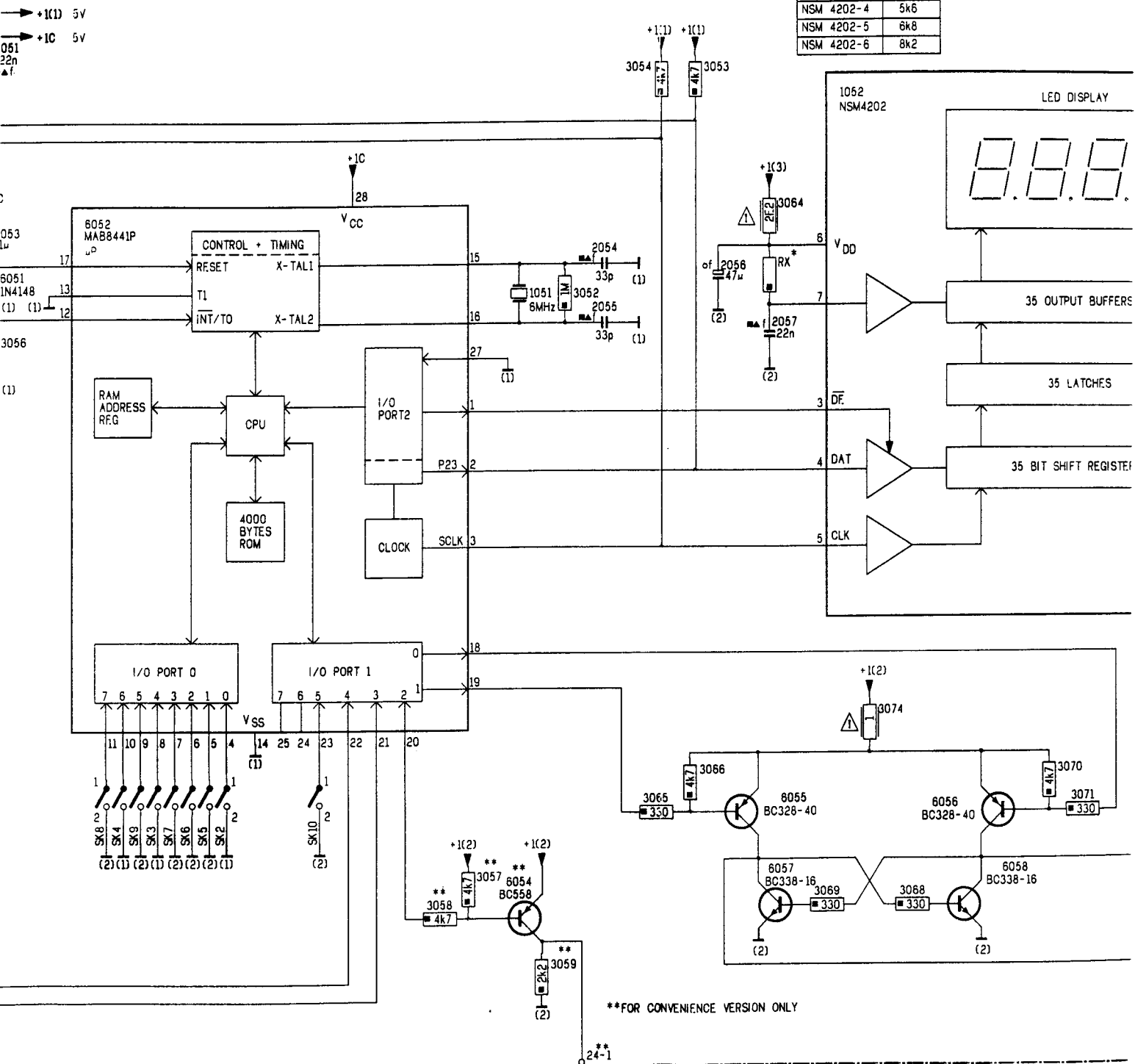
1051 C 8 1053 C15 1058 F16 2052 A 3 2054 C 8 2056 C10 2058 D16 3052 C 8 3054 B 9 3056 D 3 3058 I 7 3064 C10 3066 H 9
1052 B11 1054 D15 2051 A 3 2053 C 3 2055 D 8 2057 D10 3051 A 3 3053 B 9 3055 D 3 3057 I 7 3059 I 8 3065 H 9 3068 I11



54 C 8 2056 C10 2058 D16 3052 C 8 3054 B 9 3056 D 3 3058 I 7 3064 C10 3066 H 9 3069 I10 3071 H13 3074 O11 3076 I 3 6051 C 3
 55 D 8 2057 D10 3051 A 3 3053 B 9 3055 D 3 3057 I 7 3059 I 8 3065 H 9 3068 I11 3070 H12 3072 B16 3075 I 2 3080 F16 6052 C 4

4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1

* DISPLAY TYPE	RX	THIS TO ADJUST THE LIGHT INTEN: TYPENUMBER OF THE DISPLAY IS P
NSM 4202-3	4k7	
NSM 4202-4	5k6	
NSM 4202-5	6k8	
NSM 4202-6	8k2	



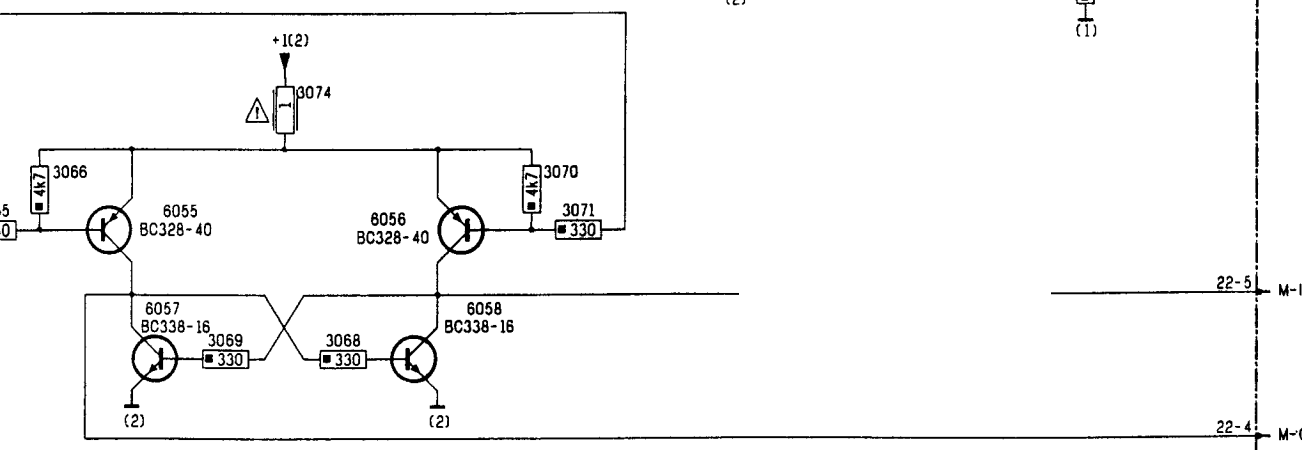
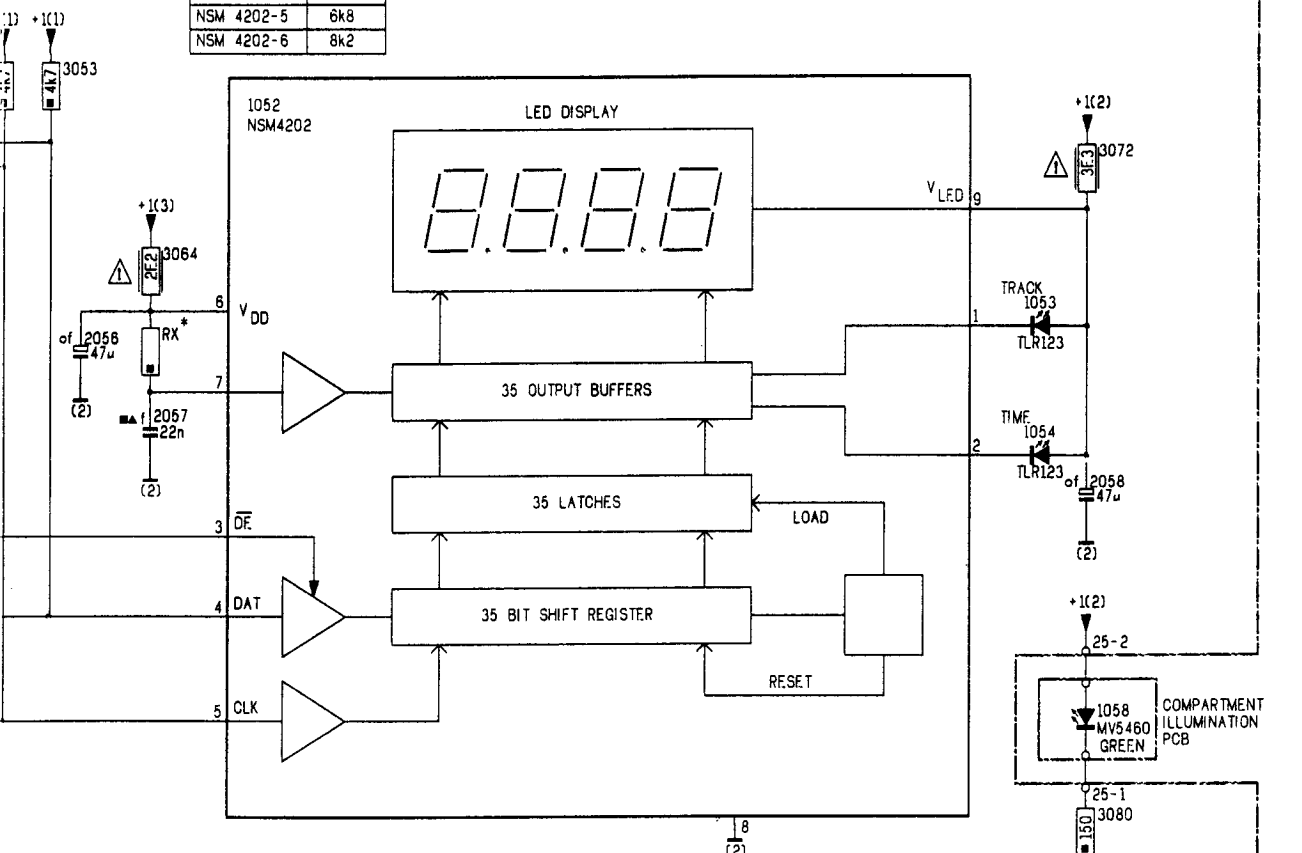
**FOR CONVENIENCE VERSION ONLY

CONVENIENCE TO DECODER 45-1

4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1

DISPLAY TYPE	RX
NSM 4202-3	4k7
NSM 4202-4	5k6
NSM 4202-5	6k8
NSM 4202-6	8k2

THIS TO ADJUST THE LIGHT INTENSITY OF THE LED DISPLAY.
 TYPENUMBER OF THE DISPLAY IS PRINTED ON THE REARSIDE.

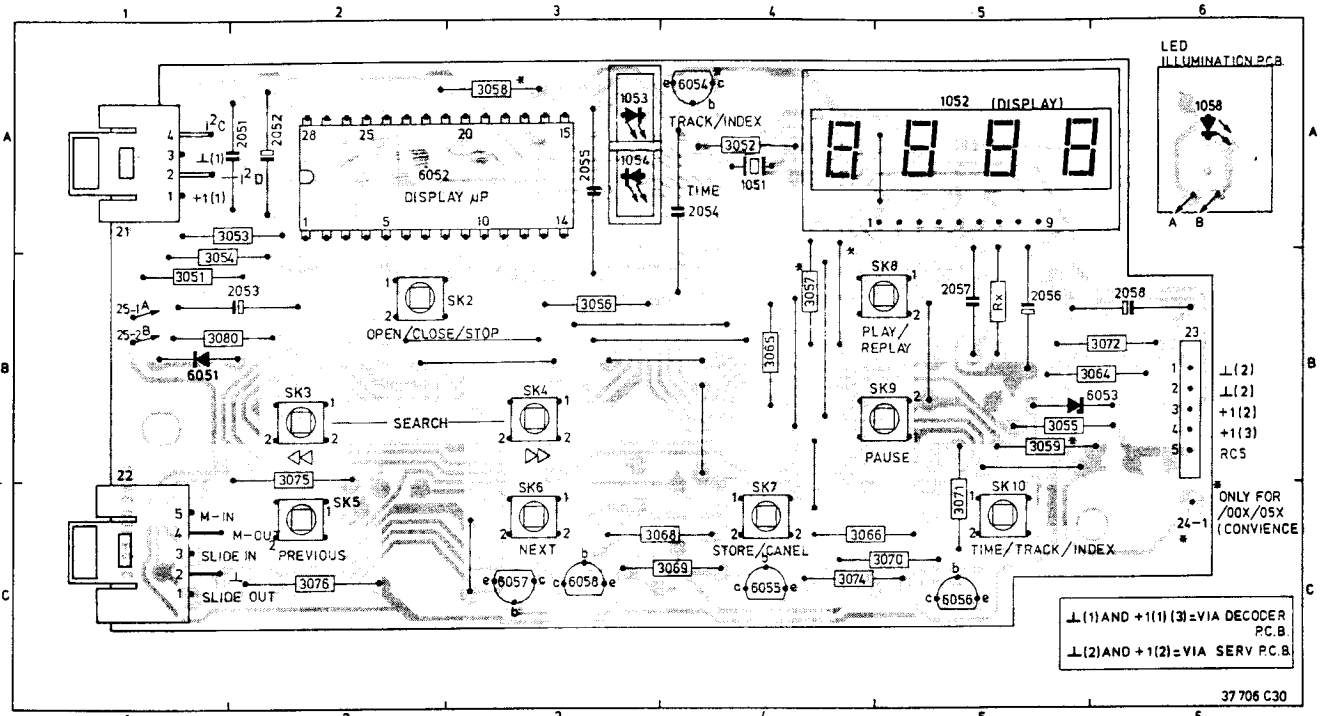


CONVENIENCE VERSION ONLY

PRS.00353
 T 3

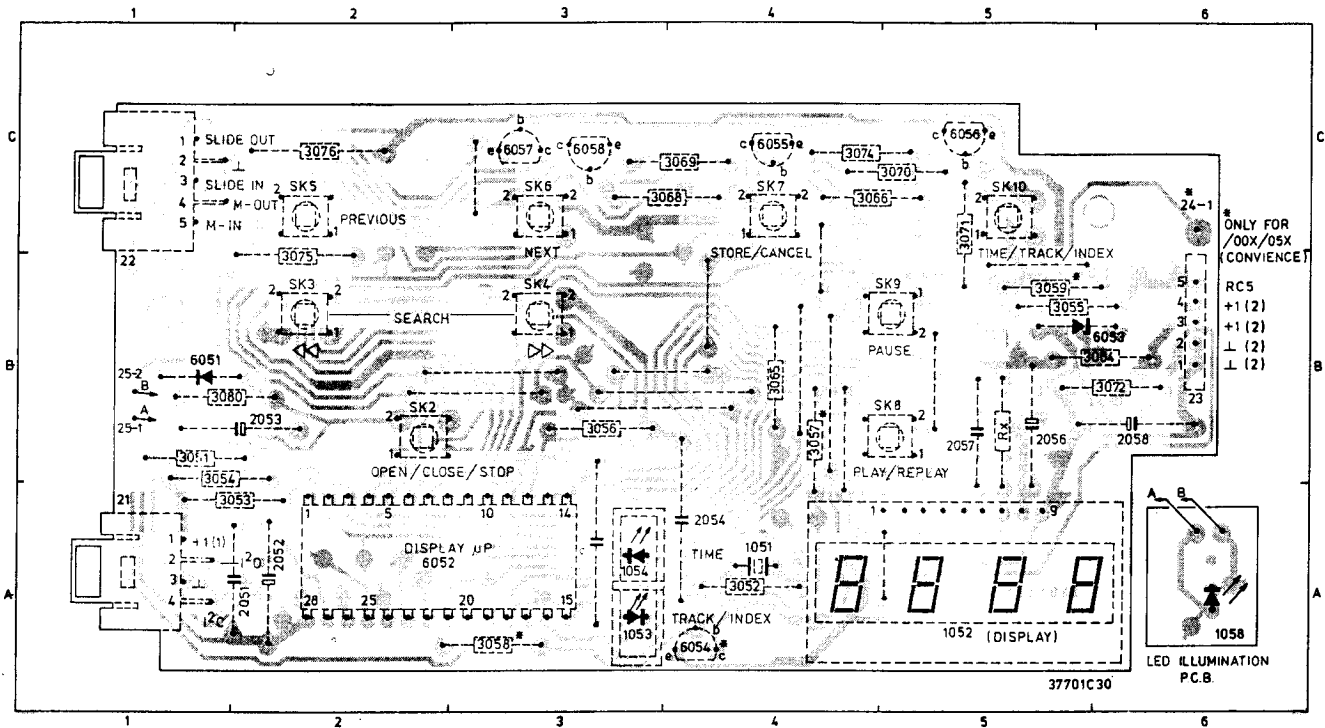
A
 B
 C
 D
 E
 F
 G
 H
 I
 J

CONTROL + DISPLAY PCB

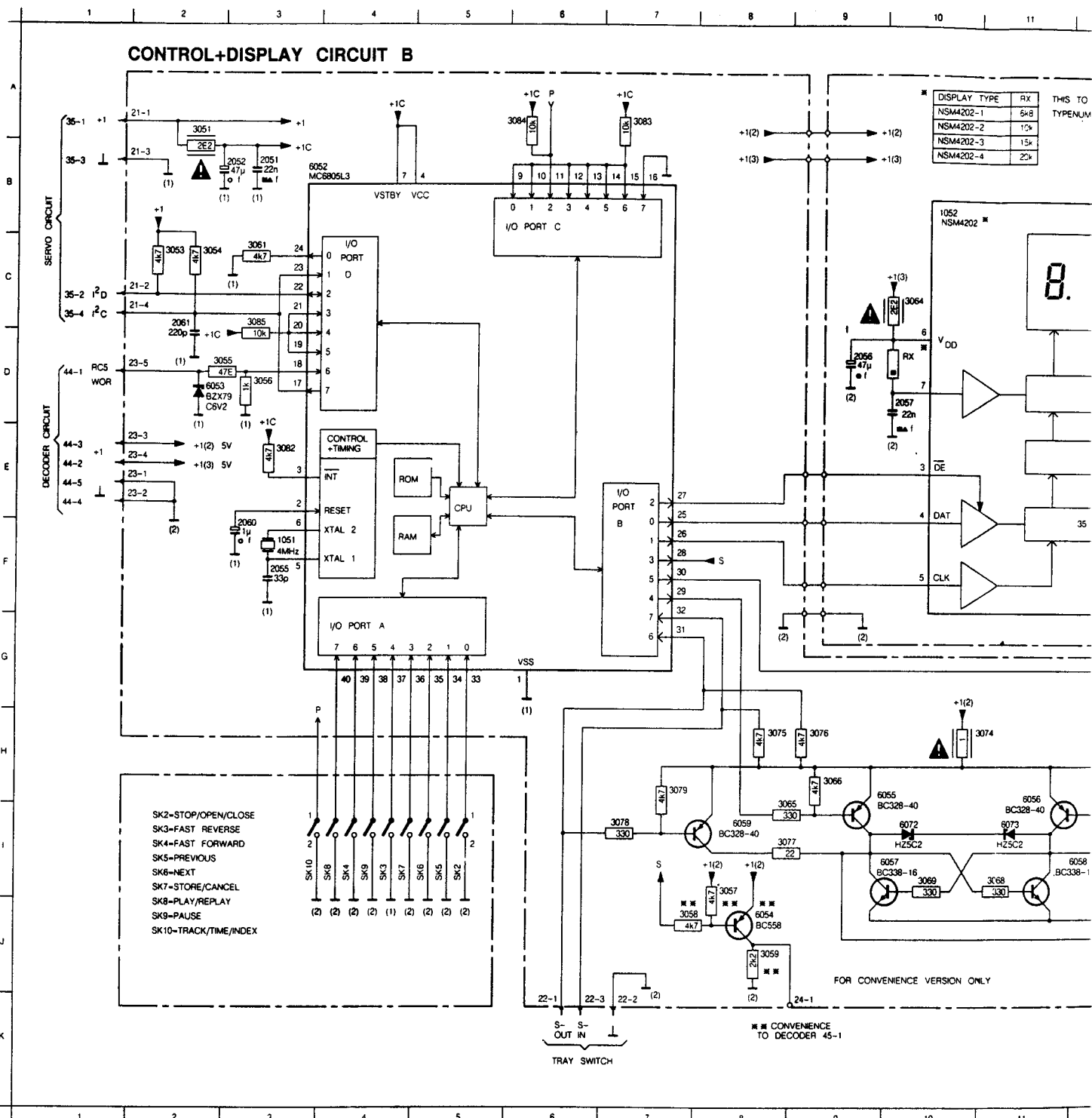


6052	μP MAB8441P/T0144822 209 11063		
BC328-40 BC338-16 BC558		4822 130 41715 4822 130 40892 4822 130 44197	
IN4148 HZ6C2 (6V2)		4822 130 30621 4822 130 32698	
1053,1054 1058	TLR123 (RED) MV5460 (GREEN)	5322 130 34957 4822 130 32842	
3051,3064 3072 3074	2,2Ω-NFR25 3,3Ω-NFR25 1Ω-NFR25	4822 111 30492 4822 111 30593 4822 111 30483	
1051	X-tal 6MHz	4822 242 70392	
Display			
1052	NSM4202	4822 130 90141	
SK2+10	TACT SWITCH	4822 276 11276	

- RX B5
- SK2 B2
- SK3 B2
- SK4 B3
- SK5 C2
- SK6 C3
- SK7 C4
- SK8 B5
- SK9 B5
- 1051 A4
- 1052 A5
- 1053 A3
- 1054 A3
- 1058 A6
- 2051 A2
- 2052 A2
- 2053 B2
- 2054 A4
- 2055 A3
- 2056 B5
- 2057 B5
- 2058 B6
- 3051 B1
- 3052 A4
- 3053 A1
- 3054 B1
- 3055 B5
- 3056 B3
- 3057 B4
- 3058 A3
- 3059 B5
- 3064 B6
- 3065 B4
- 3066 C4
- 3068 C3
- 3069 C4
- 3070 C5
- 3071 C5
- 3072 B6
- 3074 C4
- 3075 B2
- 3076 C2
- 3080 B1
- 6051 B1
- 6052 A2
- 6053 B5
- 6054 A4
- 6055 C4
- 6056 C5
- 6057 C3
- 6058 C3
- SK10 C5



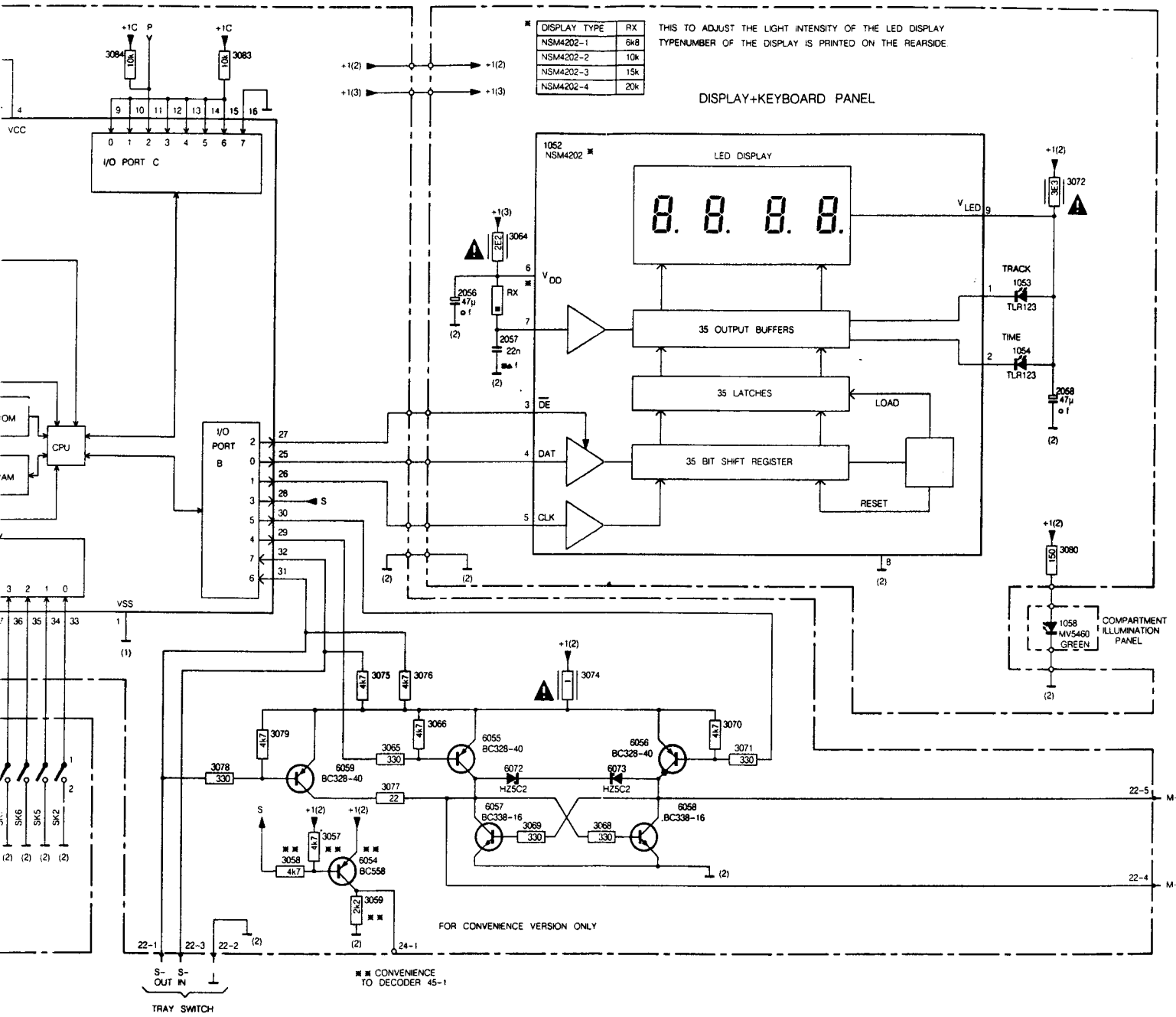
1051 F 3 1054 D15 2052 B 3 2057 D10 2061 C 2 3054 C 2 3057 I 8 3061 C 3 3066 H 9 3070 H12 3074 H11 3077 I 8 3080 F16 3084 A 6 6053 D 2 6056
 1052 B10 1058 G16 2055 F 3 2058 E18 3051 A 2 3055 D 2 3058 J 7 3064 C10 3068 I11 3071 H12 3075 H 8 3078 I 7 3082 E 3 3085 C 3 6054 J 8 6057
 1053 D15 2051 B 3 2056 D 9 2060 F 3 3053 C 2 3056 D 3 3059 J 8 3065 H 8 3069 I10 3072 C16 3076 H 9 3079 H 7 3083 A 7 6052 B 3 6055 H10 6056



C 2 3057 I 8 3061 C 3 3086 H 9 3070 H12 3074 H11 3077 I 8 3080 F16 3084 A 6 6053 D 2 6056 H11 6059 I 8
 D 2 3058 J 7 3064 C10 3088 I11 3071 H12 3075 H 8 3078 I 7 3082 E 3 3085 C 3 6054 J 8 6057 I10 6072 I10
 D 3 3059 J 8 3065 H 8 3069 I10 3072 C16 3076 H 9 3079 H 7 3083 A 7 6052 B 3 6055 H10 6058 I12 6073 I11

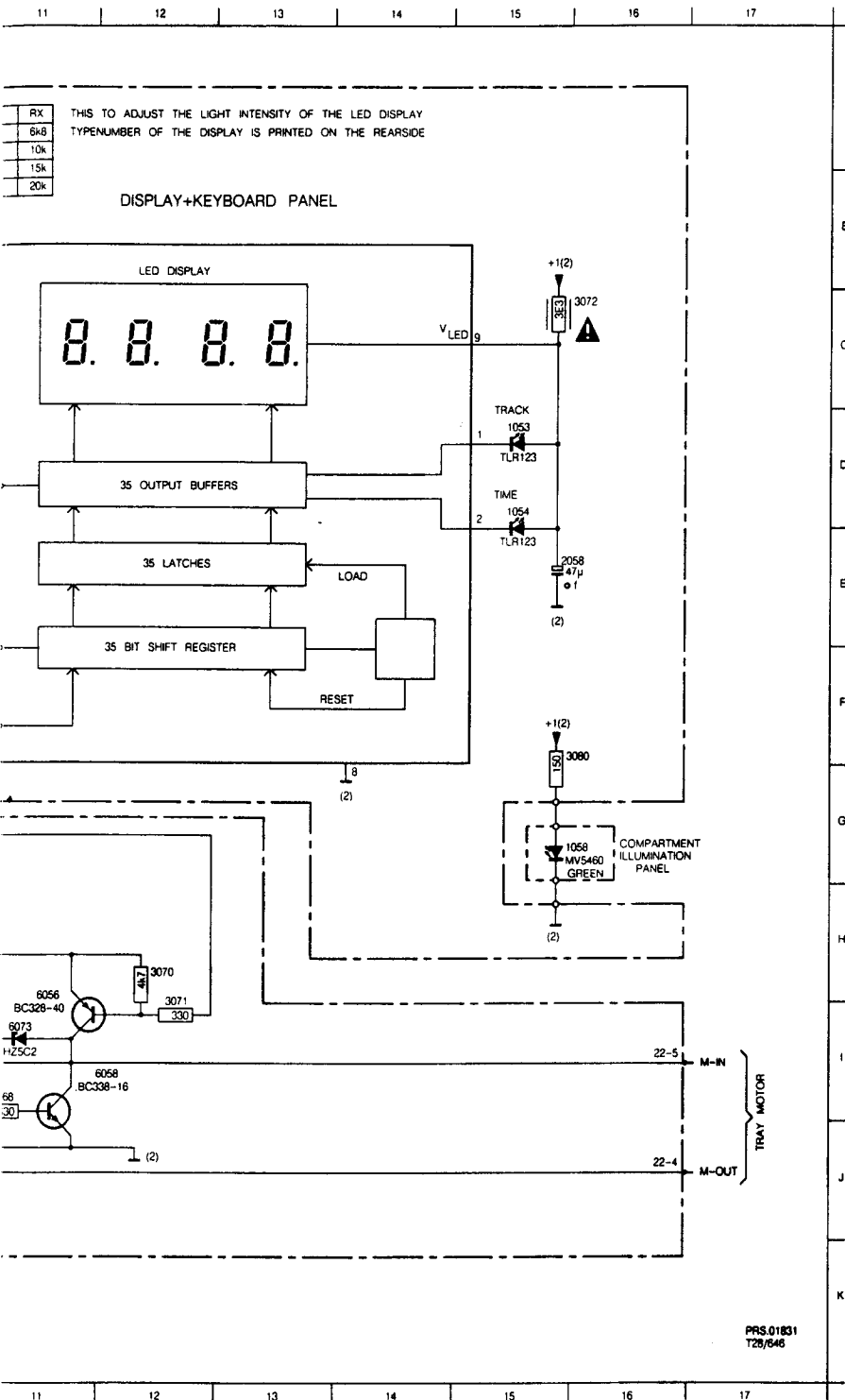
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

3



5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

P053 D 2 6056 H11 6059 1 8
 P054 J 8 6057 110 6072 110
 P055 H10 6058 112 6073 111

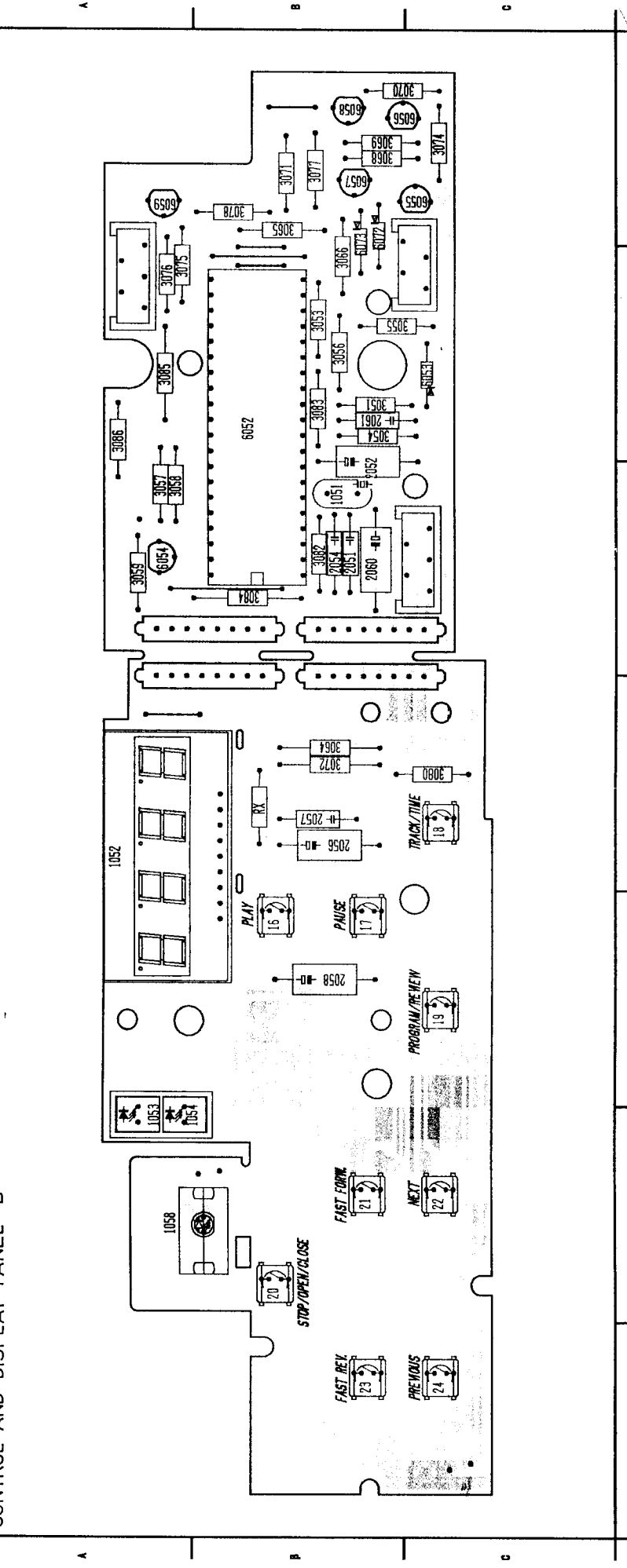


6-7-2 6-7-2

1051 B 5 1058 R 2 19 C 3 2054 B 5 2060 B 5 29 B 1 3054 B 8 3058 B 8 3066 B 6 3071 B 7 3078 B 6 3082 B 5 3086 A 6 6055 C 7 6059 B 7
 1052 R 4 16 B 3 20 B 2 2056 B 4 2061 B 6 24 C 1 3055 B 6 3059 B 5 3068 B 7 3072 B 4 3077 B 7 3083 B 6 6056 B 7 6072 B 7
 1053 A 2 17 B 3 2051 B 5 2057 B 4 21 B 2 3051 B 8 3056 B 8 3064 B 4 3069 B 7 3074 C 7 3078 B 7 3084 B 5 6057 B 7 6073 B 7
 1054 B 2 18 C 4 2052 B 5 2058 B 3 22 C 2 3053 B 6 3057 A 5 3065 B 7 3070 B 7 3075 A 6 3080 C 4 3085 A 8 6058 B 7 RX B 4

CONTROL AND DISPLAY PANEL - B

7 6 5 4 3 2 1

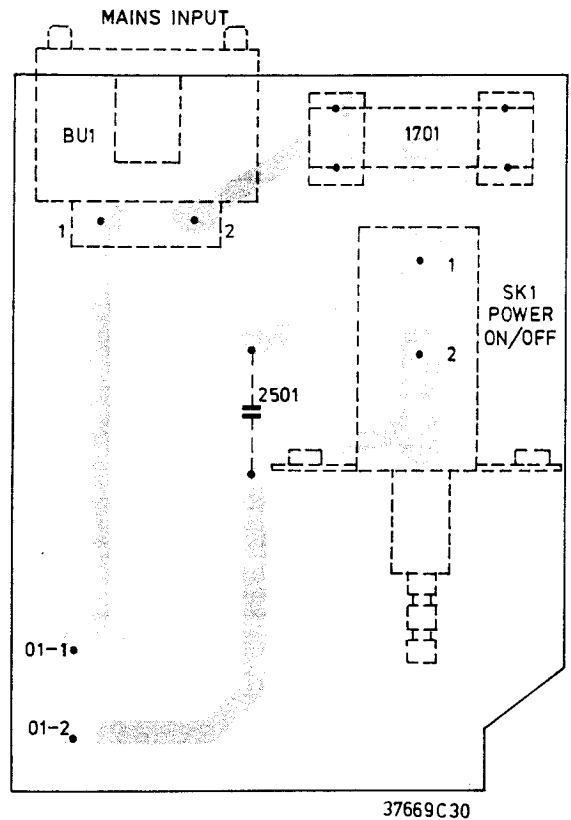
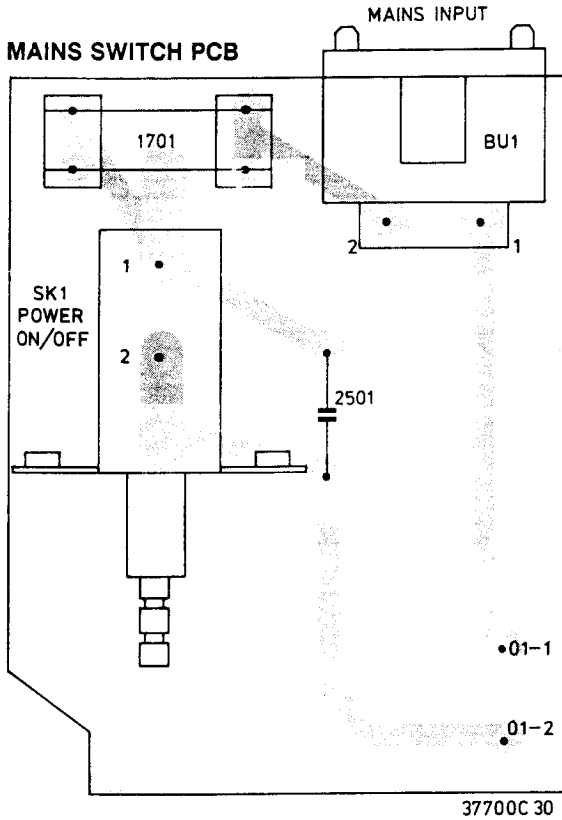
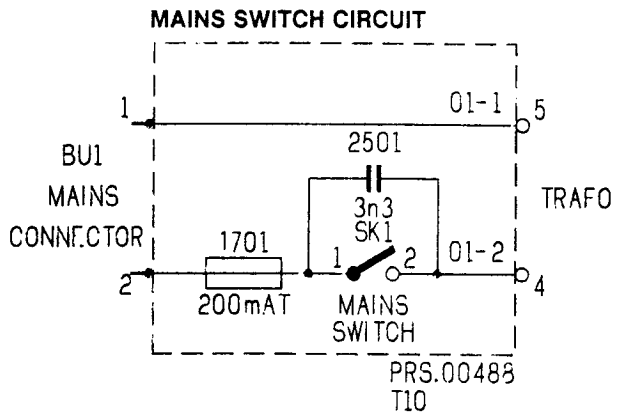





6052	μP MC6805L3P	4822 209 11445	
3051, 3064	2.2Ω-NFR25	4822 111 30492	
3072	3.3Ω-NFR25	4822 111 30493	
3074	2Ω-NFR25	4822 111 30483	
	- -		
BC328-40	4822 130 41715		
BC338-16	4822 130 40892		
BC558	4822 130 44197		
	Display		
IN4148	4822 130 30621		
HZ5C2 (5V1)	4822 130 33293		
1053, 1054	TLR123 (RED)	5322 130 34957	
1058	MV5460 (GREEN)	4822 130 32842	
SK+10	TACT SWITCH	4822 276 11276	




SK2 = pos. 20
 SK3 = pos. 23
 SK4 = pos. 21
 SK5 = pos. 24
 SK6 = pos. 22
 SK7 = pos. 19
 SK8 = pos. 16
 SK9 = pos. 17
 SK10 = pos. 18

39 977 C12

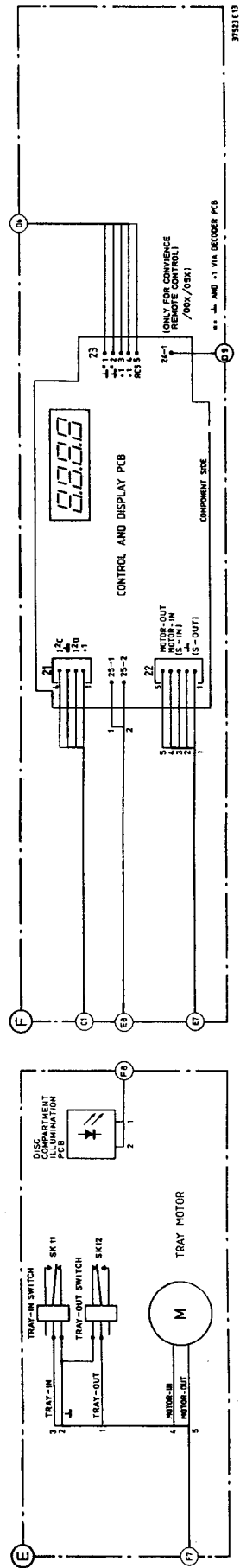
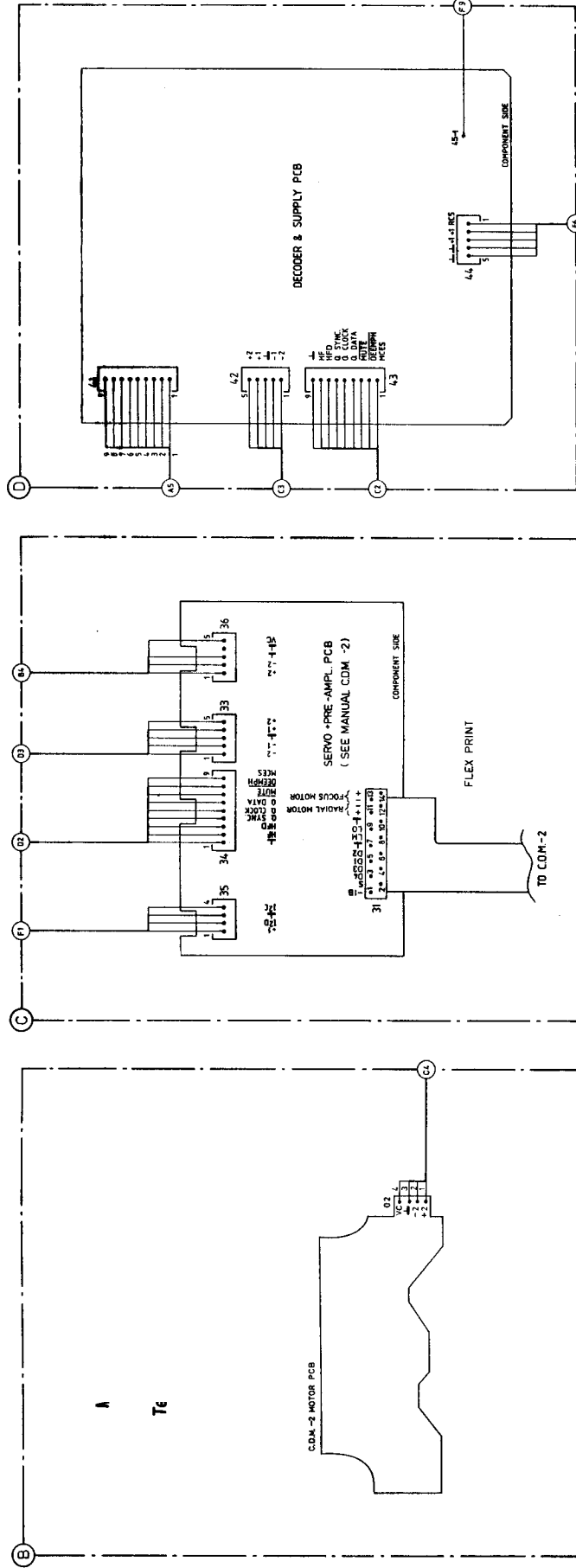
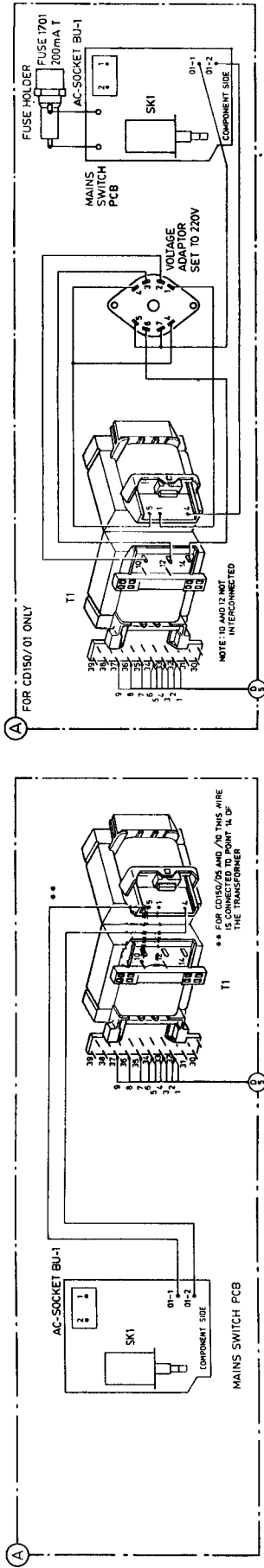
CS 5 165



	SK1	MAINS SWITCH	4822 276 11309
	2501	3,3 nF-400V	4822 122 40327
	1701	220/240V version 200 mAT 110/127V version 400 mAT	4822 253 30012 4822 253 30016
Miscellaneous			
	Fuse holder		4822 492 60063
	BU-1 mains inlet		4822 265 20262

 Chips 50 V NP0 S1206			 Chips 0,125 W S1206			 Chips 0,125 W S1206		
1 pF	5%	4822 122 32279	6,8 E	5%	4822 111 90254	7,5 k	2%	4822 111 90276
1,5 pF	5%	4822 122 31792	7,5 E	5%	4822 111 90396	8,2 k	2%	5322 111 90118
1,8 pF	5%	4822 122 32087	8,2 E	5%	4822 111 90397	9,1 k	2%	4822 111 90373
3,3 pF	5%	4822 122 32079	9,1 E	5%	4822 111 90398	10 k	2%	4822 111 90249
3,9 pF	5%	4822 122 32081	10 E	2%	5322 111 90095	11 k	2%	4822 111 90337
4,7 pF	5%	4822 122 32082	11 E	2%	4822 111 90338	12 k	2%	4822 111 90253
8,2 pF	5%	4822 122 32083	12 E	2%	4822 111 90341	13 k	2%	4822 111 90509
10 pF	5%	4822 122 31971	13 E	2%	4822 111 90343	15 k	2%	4822 111 90196
12 pF	5%	4822 122 32139	15 E	2%	4822 111 90344	16 k	2%	4822 111 90346
18 pF	5%	4822 122 31769	16 E	2%	4822 111 90347	18 k	2%	4822 111 90238
22 pF	10%	4822 122 31837	18 E	2%	5322 111 90139	20 k	2%	4822 111 90349
27 pF	5%	4822 122 31966	20 E	2%	4822 111 90352	22 k	2%	4822 111 90251
33 pF	5%	4822 122 31756	22 E	2%	4822 111 90186	24 k	2%	4822 111 90512
39 pF	5%	4822 122 31972	24 E	2%	4822 111 90355	27 k	2%	4822 111 90542
47 pF	5%	4822 122 31772	27 E	2%	5322 111 90375	30 k	2%	4822 111 90216
56 pF	5%	4822 122 31774	30 E	2%	4822 111 90356	33 k	2%	5322 111 90267
68 pF	5%	4822 122 32267	33 E	2%	4822 111 90357	36 k	2%	4822 111 90514
82 pF	10%	4822 122 31839	36 E	2%	4822 111 90359	39 k	2%	5322 111 90108
100 pF	5%	4822 122 31765	39 E	2%	4822 111 90361	43 k	2%	4822 111 90363
120 pF	5%	4822 122 31766	43 E	2%	5322 116 90125	47 k	2%	4822 111 90543
150 pF	5%	4822 122 31767	47 E	2%	4822 111 90217	51 k	2%	5322 111 90274
180 pF	2%	4822 122 31794	51 E	2%	4822 111 90365	56 k	2%	4822 111 90573
220 pF	5%	4822 122 31965	56 E	2%	4822 111 90239	62 k	2%	5322 111 90275
270 pF	5%	4822 122 32142	62 E	2%	4822 111 90367	68 k	2%	4822 111 90202
330 pF	10%	4822 122 31642	68 E	2%	4822 111 90203	75 k	2%	4822 111 90574
390 pF	5%	4822 122 31771	75 E	2%	4822 111 90371	82 k	2%	4822 111 90575
470 pF	5%	4822 122 31727	82 E	2%	4822 111 90124	91 k	2%	5322 111 90277
560 pF	5%	4822 122 31773	91 E	2%	4822 111 90375	100 k	2%	4822 111 90214
680 pF	5%	4822 122 31775	100 E	2%	5322 111 90091	110 k	2%	5322 111 90269
820 pF	5%	4822 122 31974	110 E	2%	4822 111 90335	120 k	2%	4822 111 90568
1 nF	10%	5322 122 31647	120 E	2%	4822 111 90339	130 k	2%	4822 111 90511
1,2 nF	5%	4822 122 31807	130 E	2%	4822 111 90164	150 k	2%	5322 111 90099
1,5 nF	10%	4822 122 31781	150 E	2%	5322 111 90098	160 k	2%	5322 111 90264
2,2 nF	10%	4822 122 31644	160 E	2%	4822 111 90345	180 k	2%	4822 111 90565
2,7 nF	10%	4822 122 31783	180 E	2%	5322 111 90242	200 k	2%	4822 111 90351
3,3 nF	10%	4822 122 31969	200 E	2%	4822 111 90348	220 k	2%	4822 111 90197
3,9 nF	10%	4822 122 32566	220 E	2%	4822 111 90178	240 k	2%	4822 111 90215
4,7 nF	10%	4822 122 31784	240 E	2%	4822 111 90353	270 k	2%	4822 111 90302
5,6 nF	10%	4822 122 31916	270 E	2%	4822 111 90154	300 k	2%	5322 111 90266
6,8 nF	10%	4822 122 31976	300 E	2%	4822 111 90156	330 k	2%	4822 111 90513
10 nF	10%	4822 122 31728	330 E	2%	5322 111 90106	360 k	2%	4822 111 90515
12 nF	10%	5322 122 31648	360 E	1%	4822 111 90288	390 k	2%	4822 111 90182
15 nF	10%	4822 122 31782	360 E	2%	4822 111 90358	430 k	2%	4822 111 90168
18 nF	10%	4822 122 31759	390 E	2%	5322 111 90138	470 k	2%	4822 111 90161
22 nF	10%	4822 122 31797	430 E	2%	4822 111 90362	510 k	2%	4822 111 90364
27 nF	10%	4822 122 32541	470 E	2%	5322 111 90109	560 k	2%	4822 111 90169
33 nF	10%	4822 122 31981	510 E	2%	4822 111 90245	620 k	2%	4822 111 90213
56 nF	10%	4822 122 32183	560 E	2%	5322 111 90113	680 k	2%	4822 111 90368
100 nF	20%	4822 122 31947	620 E	2%	4822 111 90366	750 k	2%	4822 111 90369
			680 E	2%	4822 111 90162	820 k	2%	4822 111 90205
			750 E	2%	5322 111 90306	910 k	2%	4822 111 90374
			820 E	2%	4822 111 90171	1 M	2%	4822 111 90252
			910 E	2%	4822 111 90372	1,1 M	5%	4822 111 90408
			1 k	2%	5322 111 90092	1,2 M	5%	4822 111 90409
			1,1 k	2%	4822 111 90336	1,3 M	5%	4822 111 90411
			1,2 k	2%	5322 111 90096	1,5 M	5%	4822 111 90412
			1,3 k	2%	4822 111 90244	1,6 M	5%	4822 111 90413
			1,5 k	2%	4822 111 90151	1,8 M	5%	4822 111 90414
			1,6 k	2%	5322 111 90265	2 M	5%	4822 111 90415
			1,8 k	2%	5322 111 90101	2,2 M	5%	4822 111 90185
			2 k	2%	4822 111 90165	2,4 M	5%	4822 111 90416
			2,2 k	2%	4822 111 90248	2,7 M	5%	4822 111 90417
			2,4 k	2%	4822 111 90289	3 M	5%	4822 111 90418
			2,7 k	2%	4822 111 90569	3,3 M	5%	4822 111 90191
			3 k	2%	4822 111 90198	3,6 M	5%	4822 111 90419
			3,3 k	2%	4822 111 90157	3,9 M	5%	4822 111 90421
			3,6 k	2%	5322 111 90107	4,3 M	5%	4822 111 90422
			3,9 k	2%	4822 111 90571	4,7 M	5%	4822 111 90423
			4,3 k	2%	4822 111 90167	5,1 M	5%	4822 111 90424
			4,7 k	2%	5322 111 90111	5,6 M	5%	4822 111 90425
			5,1 k	2%	5322 111 90268	6,2 M	5%	4822 111 90426
			5,6 k	2%	4822 111 90572	6,8 M	5%	4822 111 90235
			6,2 k	2%	4822 111 90545	7,5 M	5%	4822 111 90427
			6,8 k	2%	4822 111 90544	8,2 M	5%	4822 111 90237
						9,1 M	5%	4822 111 90428

WIRING DIAGRAM



SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Capacitor, general
	Electrolytic capacitor (+ and - may be omitted)
	Bipolar electrolytic capacitor (+ may be omitted)
	Resistor, general
	N.T.C. resistor
	P.T.C. resistor
	Voltage divider with preset adjustment
	Chip jumper
	Pin contact
	Bus contact
	Coil, self-induction
	Transformer with electrically poor conducting core and adjustable pre-magnetization
	Diode
	Zener diode
	Stabistor
	Double variable capacity diode (in one envelope)
	Photo conductive diode
	L.E.D.

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Transistor (N.P.N.)
	Transistor (P.N.P.)
	Direct current (DC)
	Alternating current (AC)
	Earth (functional)
	Frame or chassis connection
	Direction in which AC voltages are passed on (optional present)
	Interrupted line
	Not-connected crossing lines
	Connected lines
	Cable tree with lead-outs
	Changer, general (arrow is optional)
	Voltage Controlled Oscillator
	Band-pass filter
	Phase changing network
	Delay element
	Amplifier, general

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
	Operational amplifier
	Differential amplifier
	Splitter
	Operational amplifier with open output
	Exclusive OR gate
	True/complement amplifier with high input
	Flip Flop
	AND gate
	OR gate
	Inverter with high input

	0.2W (CR 16)	$\leq 220k\Omega$ $> 270k\Omega$	5% 10%
	0.33W (CR 25)	$\leq 1 M\Omega$ $> 1 M\Omega$	5% 10%
	0.33W (SFR25)		5%
	0.25W (VR 25)	$\leq 10M\Omega$ $> 10M\Omega$	5% 10%
	0.5W (CR 37)	$\leq 1 M\Omega$ $> 1 M\Omega$	5% 10%
	0.67W (CR 52)		5%
	1.15W (CR 68)		5%
	Ceramic plate		
	Polyester flat foil		
	Polyester nepolesco		
	Mylar (Polyester flat foil small sized)		
	Micropoco		
	Tubular ceramic (body colour pink or yellow/green)		
	Miniature single elco		
	Subminiature tantalum		

- * a = 2.5 V
- b = 4 V
- c = 6.3 V
- d = 10 V
- e = 16 V
- f = 25 V
- g = 40 V
- h = 63 V
- i = 100 V
- j = 125 V
- l = 125 V
- m = 150 V
- n = 160 V
- q = 200 V
- r = 250 V
- s = 300 V
- t = 350 V
- u = 400 V
- v = 500 V
- w = 630 V
- x = 1000 V
- A = 1.6 V
- B = 6 V
- C = 12 V
- D = 15 V
- E = 20 V
- F = 35 V
- G = 50 V
- H = 75 V
- I = 80 V